1		VOLUME X
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3	STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA	COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
4	COUNTY OF DORCHESTER	CASE NO. 2013-CP-18-00013
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6	THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL	)
7	CHURCH IN THE DIOCESE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, THE	) TRANSCRIPT OF RECORD
8	TRUSTEES OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN SOUTH	)
9	CAROLINA, A SOUTH CAROLINA CORPORATE BODY, ET AL.,	) JULY 21, 2014 ) ST. GEORGE, SC
10	VS.	) 51. GEORGE, 50
11	THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH,	
12	(A/K/A THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN THE	
13	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA); THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN	
14	SOUTH CAROLINA,	)
15		
16	BEFORE:	
17	HONORABLE DIANE	S. GOODSTEIN
18		
19		Ruth L. Mott, RPR, CRR Official Court Reporter
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3	WITNESS		DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS
4	WALTER	EDGAR TISDALE	1760			
5	MS.	GOLDING RUNYAN	1700	1878 1902		1910
6		KOSTEL		1902	1908	1910
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THE COURT: All right. Anything before we begin from
 the plaintiffs?

3 MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, we just have an inquiry. We're 4 starting our third week today, and I just would like to know 5 if we can get some sense of when they might finish. We have 6 a few scheduling issues with a couple of reply witnesses, and 7 if I could get some rough sense, that would help.

8 THE COURT: Great. Rough, rough, rough sense.

9 MR. TISDALE: I'm going to do the best to comment on 10 that, Your Honor. Certainly I think it's pretty certain we 11 will not finish today. Possibly, I suppose, we could finish 12 tomorrow.

13 THE COURT: Okay.

MR. TISDALE: To be on the safe side, with follow-up stuff at the end and cleanup, no later than Wednesday.

16 MR. RUNYAN: Okay.

17 THE COURT: When you say "Wednesday," Wednesday midday?

18 MR. TISDALE: Perhaps tomorrow, if we're lucky.

19 THE COURT: Okay, great.

20 MR. TISDALE: Do you agree, Mary?

MS. KOSTEL: Yes, I do. I think Your Honor will recall that last week we were talking about parish-specific exhibits, and we're working hard together, and I think while there may be -- there will be some relevance objections, so far there's been no suggestion that we need to bring a

witness to put on any parish, so that's -- you know, that's 1 2 the only thing that could extend the length of our case. 3 THE COURT: Of course. MS. KOSTEL: So far so good, but I can't give a full 4 5 report on that yet. 6 THE COURT: Perfect. Thank you so much. That's great. 7 So is that helpful? MR. RUNYAN: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. 8 9 THE COURT: Great. Call your next witness. 10 MR. TISDALE: Walter Edgar. 11 WALTER EDGAR, 12 being first duly sworn, testified as follows: MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, Ms. Kostel, Mary Kostel's 13 14 going to help with the documents. There will be a lot of 15 documents to put on the screen with his testimony and she's 16 agreed to handle that aspect of it. 17 THE COURT: Aren't you glad? 18 MR. TISDALE: Very. THE COURT: If you would state your full name for the 19 20 record for us and spell your last name. 21 THE WITNESS: Walter Bellingrath Edgar. 22 THE COURT: Your witness. 23 MR. TISDALE: Thank you. Thank you, Your Honor. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. TISDALE: 24 25 Dr. Edgar, I want to start asking you just a few Q.

1 questions about your background. Where were you born and 2 grew up?

I was born and reared in Mobile, Alabama. 3 Α. And at the very beginning I want to ask you if you're 4 Q. affiliated with any particular religious denomination. 5 6 Α. I grew up in All Saints Episcopal Church in Mobile, 7 Alabama, and I currently attend Trinity Episcopal Cathedral in the state capital. 8 9 Are you a communicant -- that means a member I guess --Q. 10 of Trinity in Columbia? 11 Yes, I'm a member, very active member, served on the Α. 12 vestry diocesan delegate, Sunday school teacher, youth leader. 13 14 And, as a matter of fact, I think you're in the middle Q.

11 g. Ima, as a matter of face, f chilm yea fo in the middle 15 of trying to write a history of our Trinity Church in 16 Columbia, are you not?

A. Yes, sir, I am. It's not very easy writing acongregational history.

19 All right. Now, one day last week it was mentioned by Q. 20 Ms. Neumann, I believe, and in testimony it was asked by Mr. 21 Runyan about your involvement in the Episcopal Church on 22 Edisto Island. Have you had a connection down there? 23 Α. My wife and I had a vacation home in Edisto, and when we 24 travel on vacation, whether it's at Edisto or in Europe, we 25 always choose to worship at a church affiliated or in

communion with the Archbishop of Canterbury, a member of the
 Anglican communion.

3 For a number of years we worshiped at Trinity Edisto, we gave money to Trinity Edisto. We now worship with the 4 Episcopal Church on Edisto when we're on the island. 5 6 Were you ever an official member or communicant of Ο. 7 either Trinity or Edisto --8 No, sir. Α. 9 -- of an Episcopal Church on Edisto? Q. 10 No, sir. My membership -- I've had two memberships in Α. 11 my life, the church in which I grew up, All Saints, Mobile, 12 and then I was transferred to Trinity Columbia in 1972. Now, Dr. Edgar, let's talk about your professional life 13 Q. 14 for a few minutes. What educational background do you have in your field of 15 16 work? 17 I did my undergraduate work at Davidson College where I Α. 18 was a major in history, did my graduate work at the 19 University of South Carolina, both my masters and my Ph.D. Among the individuals I studied with are renowned historians 20 21 George C. Rogers, Jr. and Daniel Walker Hollis. 22 After my military service I had a postdoctoral 23 fellowship from the National Archives and worked on the 24 papers of Henry Laurens, which were housed -- the editorial 25 project was housed at the University of South Carolina.

Q. Have you been a faculty member at the University of
 South Carolina?

A. I have been a faculty member. In fact, I retired two
years ago after 40 years at the University of South Carolina.
Q. And would you just give us an example of what you taught
in your position on the faculty?

A. In the course of teaching, introduction to US history to
250 students, South Carolina, 1670 to 1865. That was an
upper division course. I taught courses in historic
preservation. I taught honors seminars. I taught courses in
contemporary southern culture, so -- and graduate seminars.
I also directed theses and dissertations, graduate theses and
dissertations.

14 Q. Have you written any books on history, books of history 15 concerning the history of South Carolina?

16 A. I have written two books. One is "South Carolina in the 17 Modern Age." The other is "South Carolina: A History," and 18 I also was editor in chief of the South Carolina

19 Encyclopedia.

20 Q. Did you not also write a book about the American 21 Revolution in South Carolina?

A. Yes, sir, I did, "Partisans and Redcoats. The Southern
Campaign that Turned the Tide of the American Revolution."
Q. Now, Dr. Edgar, in connection with preparing to testify
in this matter, could you give the Court a general idea of

what sort of research, study and reading you have done to answer questions about documents that we would like to show you beginning in a few minutes?

Since I will be -- I am a factual witness, not an expert 4 Α. witness, I used primary documents, documents at the National 5 6 Archives, documents at the South Carolina Historical Society, 7 documents at the University of South Carolina, South Caroliniana Library, and those documents are detailed in the 8 9 report that I believe, sir, is filed with this Court. 10 Have you also studied, read and studied, journals of the Ο. 11 convention of the Diocese of South Carolina? Yes, sir. I have read every journal of the Diocese of 12 Α. South Carolina from 1785 to 2010. 13 14 All right, sir. What has been your intent to learn Q. 15 about in the examination of all the documents you just 16 testified about, testified that you looked at? 17 My intent was to learn about the relationship between Α. 18 the Diocese of South Carolina and the Episcopal Church. 19 And the Judge has asked us, and we will try to do that, Q. 20 do this, when you say the Episcopal Church, do you mean the 21 national church? 22 Yes, sir. Α.

23 Q. One and the same for our conversation?

24 A. Yes, sir.

25 Q. All right. So let's ask you to begin in a minute by

taking a look at some of these documents. And I first would
like to ask you to look at a series of documents and tell us
from those documents what you can about the historic
connection between the diocese and the national church.
MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, we have an objection here.
THE COURT: Okay.

7 MR. RUNYAN: As a lay witness, I don't believe he can testify from documents in this fashion, nor do I believe that 8 9 makes the documents admissible. He cannot offer opinion 10 testimony. So we are at a place where he seeks to elicit 11 from this witness information that is not in his personal knowledge as a lay witness and I don't think he can do that, 12 13 and I can speak to that with case law as needed, but he's a 14 lay witness, not an expert.

15 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, we intend to show him a lot of 16 documents that he knows of his own knowledge exist and knows 17 the contents of. We're going to put them on the screen for 18 everybody to see and ask him to read from them. That's all. He's not going to give any expert opinion about them. He's 19 20 simply going to read from documents for what they say. And 21 they are relevant to his study of the connection between the 22 national church and the Diocese of South Carolina, which is 23 certainly an issue in this case.

24 MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, may I reference one case if I 25 could? THE COURT: Sure.

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MR. RUNYAN: Watson versus Ford Motor Company, 389 South 2 3 Carolina 434, 2010, Chief Justice Toal on behalf of a unanimous Court made the following assertion on Page 446: 4 Expert testimony differs from lay testimony in that an expert 5 witness is permitted to state an opinion based on facts not 6 7 within his firsthand knowledge or may base his opinion on 8 information made available before the hearing so long as it 9 is the type of information that is reasonably relied upon in 10 the field to make opinions.

11 On the other hand, a lay witness may only testify as to 12 matters within his personal knowledge and may not offer 13 opinion testimony which requires special knowledge, skill, 14 experience or training.

15 By definition, based on the foundation that's been given 16 so far, it is exactly that specialized knowledge and training 17 that has allowed Dr. Edgar to selectively gather information 18 to support the defendants' positions in this case. That is 19 opinion testimony. And the documents themselves may or may 20 not be independently admissible, I don't know the answer to 21 that question, but he certainly can't go through documents 22 extracting information as a lay witness.

23 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

24 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, it's as if he's an 25 investigator to testify on the basis of an investigation of anything, and he's gone and investigated the history of this matter and he is providing exhibits, journals of the diocese, all of which have been provided to us by the plaintiffs, and he's going to show a document, he's going to read from that document to establish what it has to do with its relevance to this case, and I think it's certainly admissible testimony and he's simply presenting his research and his

8 investigation.

9 THE COURT: Well, there are a couple of things that are 10 ongoing with that. First thing is that the documents speak 11 for themselves.

12 MR. TISDALE: They do.

13 THE COURT: And the documents -- I don't remember where 14 we were in terms of admissibility or not. Some of them are 15 going to be self-authenticating because they're ancient 16 documents.

17 MR. TISDALE: They're their documents.

18 THE COURT: Yes.

19 MR. TISDALE: They say they are their documents.

THE COURT: And certainly, certainly, once the documents are in, you're entitled to a summary of excerpts from those documents.

23 MR. TISDALE: Yes.

THE COURT: But herein is the concern, and it's got to be one of two things. It's either got to be just the documents and the documents speak for themselves, even if they are done in summary fashion, or based upon Mr. Edgar's knowledge, training and experience he is opining with regards to what the relationship may or may not be.

5 So while, just given the ease of it, it would certainly 6 be nice for me to have somebody read me a story, I'm not 7 allowed to do that.

8 MR. TISDALE: Right.

9 THE COURT: Because of -- and Mr. Runyan spoke of one case, but there are many cases that talk to expert testimony, 10 11 so the question is when he does that, is he then going to say 12 this is an example of the relationship that existed between the Diocese of South Carolina and the national church, 13 14 which -- the National Episcopal Church. See, I've learned so much over the last two weeks. You know, we can do National 15 16 Episcopal. I got that now.

But I guess that would be the question, and at the point in time when he shifts from saying this is what it says to this is what it means, it's at that point that we've come across to expert testimony, so that would be my question.

21 MR. TISDALE: Agreed, Your Honor, agreed, and I can tell 22 you exactly what we intend to do is put a document on the 23 screen, get him to identify the document, get him to say he's 24 read this document, and ask him does this document contain 25 anything in its own right, in its language, that has to do

with the issue we're interested in and will he read that 1 2 portion. That's all. 3 THE COURT: That's expert testimony. MR. RUNYAN: That is expert testimony. 4 THE COURT: For this reason, for this reason: Because 5 he's a historian, familiar with these issues, at that point 6 7 he is opining that this text has this meaning which is 8 relevant to these issues. 9 MR. TISDALE: Okay. Well, Your Honor, let's take another look at it, and maybe we can handle it this way. 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. TISDALE: He was listed as an expert witness. THE COURT: Yes. 13 MR. TISDALE: His deposition was scheduled. 14 THE COURT: Yes. 15 16 MR. TISDALE: They indicated they did not wish to take 17 his deposition. 18 THE COURT: Yes. MR. TISDALE: We thought it was a lot simpler then not 19 20 to offer him as an expert because we thought his testimony's 21 factual along the lines that we talked about; however --22 THE COURT: Not only did you list him as an expert, I 23 listed him as an expert in my order. 24 MR. TISDALE: However, he is an expert, and I just told Mr. Runyan Friday, I think, that we didn't think he would be 25

1 giving any expert testimony. We filed the report that you
2 have that says he is.

3 THE COURT: Yes.

4 MR. TISDALE: So given your ruling, we offer him as an 5 expert, exactly.

6 THE COURT: Now let's talk about that.

7 MR. TISDALE: All right.

8 THE COURT: Let's talk about that.

9 MR. TISDALE: Not your ruling but your indication?

10 THE COURT: Right. If he were to testify -- here's

11 what's very clear: He's clearly an expert --

12 MR. TISDALE: Yes.

13 THE COURT: -- with regards to -- he's the preeminent 14 expert regarding South Carolina history, period, nuance and 15 all of it. I know when it comes to Charleston Robert Rosen, 16 you know, he'd want to arm wrestle you about that.

17 THE WITNESS: We've discussed that, Your Honor.

18 THE COURT: I think he'd lose.

But, in any event, having said that, let me tell you what my concern is: My concern is that are we going to the hierarchical relationship, what are we doing when we do that. Help me there.

23 MR. TISDALE: Well, I mean his testimony will relate to 24 beginning of what the relationship was between the Diocese of 25 South Carolina and the national church, how it developed in

history, beginning -- our intent would be beginning in 1841. 1 2 Then we would ask him to show documents that he's studied 3 that show how the diocese conformed with the rules, constitution and canons of the national church. Then we 4 would show about how the Diocese of South Carolina complied 5 6 with all the constitution and canon provisions of the 7 national church to divide the State of South Carolina into two dioceses in the early 20th Century. Then we would show 8 9 how the Diocese of South Carolina complied with the national 10 church canons by helping decide when the territories of 11 dioceses in the United States could be modified.

We would show what evidence there is in documents that he's examined, journals of this diocese, of how they complied, this diocese complied with the constitution and canons generally of the Episcopal Church throughout history.

16 We would show further what was the relationship between 17 the Diocese of South Carolina and the national church during 18 the time of the Civil War, American Civil War.

We would then show -- we're getting near the end of what we would propose to show -- the financial assistance given by the Episcopal Church, the national church, throughout history to the Diocese of South Carolina and its parishes and the diocese, and it would go -- wind up with how the church has contributed to the pension fund of the priests and clergy who worked in this diocese, all based on documentation, 1 historical evidence, primary material as he said that he 2 used.

3 THE COURT: Hold on one second because I want to hear 4 your response to that in just a moment, but let me -- go 5 ahead.

6 MR. TISDALE: Just one other thing. He doesn't plan to 7 offer expert testimony to interpret what these documents say 8 but to show the Court these documents.

9 THE COURT: Okay. Hold on one second.

10 (Brief pause.)

11 THE COURT: Anything else that you want to tell me 12 about? I got what you're doing, and I think --

MR. TISDALE: He will show representative samples of
works of history that establish the points that I mentioned.
THE COURT: Okay. I'm actually looking at Ms. Golding.
MS. GOLDING: Thank you, Your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Because here's the issue, and I'm speaking 18 to you specifically and I want you to jump in and add 19 anything you want, but I'm looking to you, and the reason 20 that I'm looking to you is because the only relevance other 21 than it would be wonderfully intriguing and I would be a 22 smarter human being at the conclusion of his testimony, the 23 only possible relevance to these issues in my mind is to constructive trust. I don't even think resulting trust. 24 It's only constructive trust. 25

1 And so we would be looking at the relationship between 2 the old garden variety go down that row with regards to a 3 constructive trust and All Saints. Talk to me.

MS. GOLDING: Constructive trust with respect to All 4 5 Saints -- the Court established there was no trust, and even 6 though -- the opinion does not address the words 7 "constructive trust," however, it was set, it was the position that there was an existence of a trust, and the 8 9 parties used every minutia of trust law to try to establish 10 there was a trust, but the Court, the Supreme Court, stated 11 that the 1745 trust deed, because of the statute of uses, that was it, so in a sense there was no constructive trust 12 because the Court said the statute of uses transferred the 13 14 property into the parish.

15 THE COURT: And Jones versus Wolf talks about property 16 being held in a trust and it can only exist if ab initio 17 there is a -- it is created by a legally recognized 18 instrument.

MS. GOLDING: Correct. And there was no legally recognized instrument other than the 1745 trust deed, which in actuality was a -- was a deed which created a trust. In this action, you know, with respect to between the diocese and the national church, there is no trust document --THE COURT: No.

25 MS. GOLDING: -- between the national church and the

1 plaintiff dioceses, and that's the same with the national 2 church and the plaintiff trustees; there is no trust 3 document.

4 THE COURT: And, of course, I think it's fair to say 5 that in the All Saints decision the Dennis canon, as it's 6 been --

7 MS. GOLDING: Correct.

8 THE COURT: -- named is -- our South Carolina, our 9 Supreme Court, metes -- that metes little recognition in our 10 state.

11 MS. GOLDING: Correct. That was stated, absolutely, as 12 not creating any type of trust relationship between the 13 parties, the canon.

14 THE COURT: So the only relevance other than for my 15 purposes, for the purposes of the Court, is the creation of a 16 constructive trust, and I guess my question is, is there 17 relevance in this testimony with regards to that.

18 And I can see from Mr. Tisdale's perspective that he 19 would argue to me in going through this, Judge, what I'm 20 showing here through the presentation of this testimony is 21 that over time there has been the creation of a fiduciary 22 duty and that these parishes, while they may hold title to 23 property, that they are subject to an equitable duty to 24 convey it on the ground that they would be unjustly enriched 25 if they were permitted to retain it, and that's where I see

1 the relevance of his testimony.

MS. KOSTEL: Your Honor, when it's an appropriate time, 2 could I speak to the issue of relevance too? 3 THE COURT: Absolutely, absolutely. 4 MS. GOLDING: Fiduciary duty, Your Honor, is a legal 5 6 claim. It is not an equitable claim, Your Honor, so from 7 that perspective I do not believe that would be applicable. 8 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, I think also I'll just 9 interject one other little thing that I think makes it 10 relevant, is the use of the name "Episcopal" in a trademark 11 situation, and this testimony will go to that issue as well. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, I'm with you. I understand 13 that. 14 MS. KOSTEL: Yes, and actually the control, the degree of control. I think that's what Mr. Tisdale's saying. 15 16 MR. TISDALE: Control. 17 THE COURT: That's hierarchical. 18 MR. RUNYAN: That's hierarchical. THE COURT: That concerns me less. That's hierarchical. 19 20 MS. KOSTEL: I agree that it's relevant to hierarchy, 21 but I think what Ms. Lott testified was that the entity that 22 controls the nature of the services and the quality of the 23 services is the entity whose mark then would be infringed, 24 and so what some of this evidence that will come in through Professor Edgar will show is the degree of control, how much 25

is the Episcopal Church controlling the nature of the
 services and the quality of the services. That's another
 issue.

4 MR. TISDALE: Correct.

5 THE COURT: I gotcha. Yes.

6 MR. RUNYAN: There are completely independent bases for 7 the objection as well that we haven't gotten to yet, but on 8 the issue of a constructive trust, in South Carolina a 9 constructive trust is not a fiduciary relationship. I would 10 cite for that the case of, well, there are about five of 11 them.

12 THE COURT: Similarly, constructive trust is not. Did I 13 say it was? I meant not. I'm sorry.

MR. RUNYAN: There is no such thing in South Carolina as an implied trust independent of the two --

16 THE COURT: Right.

MR. RUNYAN: -- resulting trust and constructive trust. So I don't think it's relevant to that, but I will go on to tell you what I really stood up to say, and that is that, first of all, as an expert he has made it clear that the purpose of his testimony is about the hierarchical nature of the church, and I'll just read from Paragraph 2 of his summary.

As an example, I will testify about the governance of the diocese as prescribed by the constitution and canons of the diocese and the Episcopal Church throughout history and I will testify about the structural nature of the church and explain its hierarchical nature, the ordering of its governance.

And following that he lists bullet points of factual 5 information of the type that I would expect him to show on 6 the screen, but, and here is the reason we did not take his 7 8 deposition, at the conclusion of this report which is 9 supposed to, according to the Court's order of June 9, 10 contain the expert's opinions and the facts supporting each 11 opinion. No opinion outside the opinions provided 72 hours 12 prior to each expert's deposition can be offered at the trial of this action. 13

14 His concluding two paragraphs in his 12-page summary say as follows: I will use my expertise as a professional 15 16 historian to give a proper analysis and interpretation of any of the voluminous documents that are involved in the factual 17 18 history I have been asked to present. I will render an 19 expert opinion whenever necessary to explain the context of 20 the history of the diocese as it relates to these matters. 21 It would be impossible for me to list each and every expert 22 opinion I might be required to render because such will 23 depend upon issues raised by the Court and counsel in search 24 of correct interpretations of the documents I am asked to 25 inspect.

In short, he says he's going to testify about the hierarchical nature, but other than that, he is -- they do not elicit in this report any opinions because I guess he was called upon himself to formulate them. He says it's impossible.

6 And so on that basis we don't think it complies with the 7 Court's order as well.

8 THE COURT: I got it. Yes.

9 MS. GOLDING: The other final objection is that this 10 witness does not have any qualifications in the religious 11 aspect. He is not an expert in any religious area; 12 therefore, he cannot testify as to what is hierarchical and 13 what is not, because that's not within his expertise.

MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you, Your Honor. For the record, Pierce Campbell joining with Ms. Golding in that objection on behalf of my parishes.

17 The list Mr. Tisdale read out, even if that was somehow 18 able to supplement the lack of a list in his original report, 19 included many things about canonical law, pension funds and 20 other things which, even if Dr. Edgar was considered an expert in historical matters, I do not believe that canonical 21 22 law, pension fund, financial affairs goes to that history, 23 and instead the document speaks for itself, as we've already 24 said, and so trying to have a historian of some note reading 25 it gives it some additional credibility to the Court when

1 really that's not an appropriate use of such an expert 2 witness I don't believe.

3 THE COURT: Yes, sir, and yes, ma'am. I want to hear 4 what you want to tell me.

5 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, as I said, his testimony will 6 be based on documents that he's researched, based on his 7 expertise as a historian, and the documents do speak for 8 themselves, and that's what he's going to do, plain and 9 simple.

10 THE COURT: Got it. And, Ms. Kostel, I want to be sure 11 I've heard everything you want to tell me.

MS. KOSTEL: I probably have more things to say about relevance, but I'm not sure that Your Honor wants to go there. We're entertaining a different topic now.

15 THE COURT: Yes, I want to hear it all, whatever you've 16 got.

MS. KOSTEL: Okay. On relevance, obviously we think it's relevant to hierarchy. Your Honor doesn't think that's something that necessarily should come into this case. We've made clear our disagreement with that, respectfully.

21 THE COURT: Absolutely.

22 MS. KOSTEL: And the constructive trust issue which Your 23 Honor raised.

THE COURT: You know what I want to add to that too, Ms. Kostel, is that I do that on the basis of our Courts'

1 determination, but I would want our record to be very clear 2 in every way that the defendants have done everything within 3 their ability to establish the hierarchical nature of this church, that I accept that, and that our Courts have said we 4 will not enforce the hierarchical decisions of churches but 5 6 we are a neutrality state, and that on appeal I anticipate, 7 if there is an appeal, assuming there is an appeal, that you want to be, you, the defendants, would want to be in a 8 9 position to argue against precedent in South Carolina.

10

MR. TISDALE: That is correct.

11 THE COURT: And I am mindful of that, and so I would 12 want our record to be very clear that we are at crossroads in 13 that regard because you must preserve this record so that in 14 the event there is an appeal that you place yourself in a 15 position to argue against precedence, and I'm mindful of 16 that.

17 MR. TISDALE: Thank you.

18 THE COURT: So I want our record to be very clear that 19 you all have stood on 14 soapboxes and said, this ought to be 20 decided with regards to hierarchical determinations as other 21 states in the United States have done, we want to argue 22 against precedence, and I want you to be able to preserve 23 that.

I, on the other hand, want to thank you for your share and tell you that we are a neutrality state and I am very 1 focused on that path.

2	MS. KOSTEL: Okay. Just to be clear thank you, Your
3	Honor, I appreciate that, and, just to be clear, we do
4	believe that under All Saints and Pearson where there's an
5	ecclesiastical issue at the heart of the dispute, then there
6	is deference, but I think we've covered that territory.
7	THE COURT: I think so too.
8	MS. KOSTEL: I'm not trying to reopen it.
9	THE COURT: I know you're not, and I want you to know
10	that I know that that is part of your argument. I absolutely
11	get that. And I think that the best statement of that was
12	with Mr. McWilliams when he said because of the Pearson
13	decision and because of the constitution and the adoption of
14	the constitution, that given Pearson, even with All Saints,
15	was the constitution was acknowledged. That then became the
16	neutral law.
17	MR. TISDALE: Right.
18	THE COURT: Just to let you all in on a secret, I
19	disagree with that, but that's in this case, and I absolutely
20	think that that issue needs to be in this case.
21	MS. KOSTEL: Yes, okay.
22	THE COURT: In all fairness.
23	MS. KOSTEL: Now, if I may tick through a couple more of
24	the relevance
25	THE COURT: Yes, because that's what I'm looking for.

1 MS. KOSTEL: Okay.

So another issue that we believe makes this historical evidence relevant under neutral principles is that it goes to the question of what did the diocese commit to when it committed to follow the rules of the church, and specifically did it commit not to leave, did it commit to hold its property in a particular way.

8 And we believe that, A, the commitments themselves, so 9 in the organic documents, speak -- are relevant, are 10 probative of that, but we also believe that the way the 11 diocese then behaved after having made those commitments speaks to what the commitments mean. If the organic 12 13 documents themselves are not crystal clear on the question, 14 then those -- the behavior of the parties is probative on what the documents -- what the commitments meant. So we 15 16 believe that's another neutral principles relevance issue. 17 THE COURT: And I want to stop you because I think

18 you're really talking about the kernel of where we are.

19 MS. KOSTEL: Yes.

THE COURT: And I really want to have a discussion about that because I want to ask this question, and I don't mean to be -- because I know the passion with which both sides come to this issue, but I'm going to ask a question that's going to sound very cavalier, but I'm doing it to push to the issue. Please hear that. I don't do it to be cavalier. I do it because I've got to make the decision, and these are the questions that go through my mind. What difference does it make? And that's what I really want to talk about, because I want to assume just for purposes of argument at this point -- oh, gosh, I hope you're comfortable. Would you rather have a cup of coffee? We've got coffee.

7 THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor, I'll take you up on that. THE COURT: Because I really -- this is important to me 8 because here's where we are. Let's say we have a history. I 9 10 got that. We have a history of reference to the 11 constitution. We have a history of reference to the bylaws. We have a history of -- in varying degrees. It's kind of 12 hard for St. Philip's to have done that when St. Philip's was 13 14 in existence before the National Episcopal Church was in 15 existence; however, certainly, as history goes on, if that 16 comes back around, and there are those references -- you 17 know, I sort of wondered if the National Episcopal Church 18 made those kinds of references about St. Philip's because of 19 the -- it is so ancient, 1680. It's so ancient. So I ponder 20 that.

But even if those were -- and they are. They exist, and there's, if you will, historically a tip of the hat, minimally a tip of the hat, minimally, but at the end of the day -- and I think, Mr. Runyan, it was your cross-examination with the bishop on Friday when you placed before him the journals and offered him the opportunity to tell me where in these journals does it say that these parishes cannot change their mind. So that's really where we get to it. So in my mind I'm really letting you all see the sausage being made. I don't know if this is a good thing or a bad thing, but, alas, this is where we are.

7 I don't know how we get to the ability to keep the parishes from being able to change their way of doing 8 9 business unless we access equitable principles. And there 10 are two kinds of implied trust when it comes to the 11 properties. And I kind of want to leave the trademarks just 12 sort of aside for a moment because they really are a little bit different I think, just a little bit different, but I 13 14 want to begin -- I guess I want to begin by asking the plaintiffs isn't that really where we are? 15

16 MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, that is exactly. That's the 17 core. The core is that if you are in an association, whether 18 it be parishes with the diocese or the diocese with the national church, there is no governing document that says 19 20 nobody can leave anybody, so there is a voluntary association 21 coming in. Does this mean that they cannot leave? It's just 22 like a Country Club, a fraternity. There is no requirement 23 they cannot leave.

24 THE COURT: Ms. Golding, let me ask you this question,25 even if there was --

1 MS. GOLDING: Yes.

2 THE COURT: -- even if there was, is that not a
3 violation of the first amendment?

MS. GOLDING: The right of free association, absolutely.
That's where I was going to next.

THE COURT: And let me ask you this question: Even when 6 7 you look at the statute, because this statute, I spent all 8 afternoon looking at the statute and trying to make it make 9 sense. 180 -- I forget the first two but the 180 where it 10 talks about religious organization, that is strange language. 11 That is strange language because it says what is required, 12 what is required by both the state -- by the US constitution and the state constitution what is required, not prohibited, 13 14 but required, and I'm like what in the world does that mean, 15 required?

16 And the only way I can make it make sense is what is 17 required by the state and national constitution and not 18 prohibited, see, because the government is prohibited from 19 the establishment of a religion. It's prohibited. But what 20 is required of the government is that it provide for the free 21 exercise of religion. It is required. That is what is 22 required. So I ponder whether or not that is an appropriate 23 interpretation or not, and that was the only way I could, 24 with my feeble brain, make it make sense, is the required 25 part of that.

1 So then -- so then here's where I am. Where I am is if 2 I don't in those journals have any sort of agreement that 3 says you cannot leave, and that's clear, does it infringe 4 upon the first amendment to prohibit a sect or a group from 5 leaving, and that's almost a separate issue.

6 And then -- then I come back, if you will. Then I come 7 back around to the equitable principles of constructive trust as being the -- is that -- we have two kinds of implied 8 9 trust. This is not a resulting trust, and then I come back 10 around, can this be a constructive trust. And it's simple. 11 It says a constructive trust arises entirely by operation of 12 law without reference to any actual or supposed intention of 13 creating a trust and is resorted to by equity to vindicate 14 rights and justice or to frustrate fraud.

And that is, again, in my head -- you're right. It has nothing to do with a fiduciary duty, but it has to do with vindicating rights and justice, which then wraps me back around to there is no requirement, and even if there is a requirement to remain for all time, is that a violation of the first amendment, but, even so, can there be a creation of a constructive trust.

22 MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, I see this two separate ways, 23 one, the issue of departure by a parish or the national 24 church --

25 THE COURT: Assume, arguendo, done.

MR. RUNYAN: -- is unrelated to the issue of the trust,
 period. It has to be.

3 THE COURT: Right. So let it be. Go there.

MR. RUNYAN: So the issue is upon a departure is there any interest that the national church has in the property of the parish or the diocese. The South Carolina Supreme Court has said implicitly there's no implied interest or they would have dealt with it. They had before them an express trust, and if there was some implied interest there, it certainly was not asserted as a basis for staying there.

But I guess, more fundamentally, the question is going to come down to a legal question of whether there is some other type of trust in South Carolina that might apply. I don't think on the law -- and I'm not really prepared to speak to it today --

16 THE COURT: I'm a real stare decisis kind of girl. I'm 17 not going to find one.

18 MR. RUNYAN: I just don't think constructive trust applies, but it's an equitable issue, so at a minimum -- and 19 20 I don't question his qualifications as a brilliant South 21 Carolina historian, so this is not addressed to that issue, 22 but his reading documents, which doesn't add anything to this 23 case -- perhaps they're admissible. Perhaps there's a 24 summary that can be made or something like that, but I just 25 don't know how that works, how that would work appropriately,

1 and if he's an expert, then we have the issues we've talked 2 about and we have the relevance issue.

3 THE COURT: Got it. Yes, ma'am.

MS. GOLDING: The other final thing I want to say, and 4 this is just to me a practical thing, is that if you're a 5 6 member of a club or a fraternity, you abide by the rules. So 7 there is no relevancy because the parish followed the canons and constitution of the diocese or the diocese followed the 8 constitution and canons of the national church because they 9 were in association at that time, so they worked together in 10 11 that way, so I mean it's just like in -- like I said, if I'm in a women's book club, you know, and we decide we're going 12 13 to read this book. Well, I'm going to read the book because 14 that's what we're supposed to do. I'm not going to come in 15 with another book.

16 So there is no significance because a party to this 17 action followed the rules, because we were members then.

18 THE COURT: Here's where I am with the book analogy. 19 And I don't know the extent of this. My sense is it's very 20 minimal, oh, by the way.

21 MS. GOLDING: Yes.

THE COURT: But let's say you're in the book club and you collected -- and the goal of the book club was to have all of Oprah's books and you have all Oprah's books and then some of the -- and you had some rules that said we're going to buy Oprah's books and then that group says we don't like Oprah's books anymore and we now want to buy Dr. Edgar's books, we like them better.

So they have a split, and then you have those that want 4 5 to buy Dr. Edgar's books and put them on the coffee table 6 because they're great coffee table books, and then you have 7 those with Oprah's books. But they all pooled their money. 8 Some did a little bit, some did a bunch, the vast majority. 9 What happens with Oprah's books? Do the people who now want 10 Dr. Edgar's books, do they have any claim in any sort of way 11 to like maybe two of Oprah's books, a little bit of Oprah's 12 books, because they got all these books. That's sort of where my head is with the constructive trust. 13

14 MS. GOLDING: Understand. Thank you.

THE COURT: Because if there's an issue -- and I'm not 15 16 sure what, if any, door was left open in All Saints with 17 regards to trust, I'm really not, because it absolutely says, 18 forget about the Dennis canon, and that's real clear because 19 there wasn't any -- I don't think the fact that -- and maybe 20 you'll speak to this, and I'll change my mind, but I think 21 just because you get to go to the convention that you all of 22 a sudden are clothed with the authority to come home and give 23 the property away, I don't think that's what happened, and I 24 think that that's what our Court was saying about the Dennis canon doesn't apply. 25

1 So at the end of the day -- so the issue sort of at the 2 core of where my head is at this point is, is there, 3 particularly with regards to Dr. Edgar -- the question is, is 4 there anything that he can offer with regards to an expert 5 opinion regarding these relationships, and that's sort of 6 where I am.

7 MS. KOSTEL: Your Honor, if I may.

8 THE COURT: Yes.

9 MS. KOSTEL: A number of different points responding to 10 Your Honor and to Ms. Golding and maybe Mr. Runyan too.

11 First, just on the All Saints decision and the Dennis canon decision, in this -- and Your Honor makes the point 12 that just because you send a delegate and the Dennis canon's 13 14 adopted doesn't mean you're bound, but there are facts in this case where after the adoption of the Dennis canon the 15 16 parish -- not all of them, but some of the parishes adopt 17 rules in their governing documents saying we adhere to the 18 national church's rules, and there's even maybe a handful that adopt a governing provision saying we adopt -- we adhere 19 20 to the national church's rules governing property,

21 distinguishable from All Saints.

Second point is on the question of whether the diocese can leave, which, as Your Honor notes, is at the core, at the crux of this case, first I'd like to point out that in the All Saints litigation the diocese, the plaintiff diocese, took the position that a parish can't leave, and you know what? There's nothing in anyone's governing documents that says a parish can't leave.

So arguably the diocese is judicially estopped from
standing on the argument of whether the governing documents,
if the governing documents don't say it, don't prohibit it,
it's not prohibited.

8 The next point is that the national church's canons 9 actually do speak to whether a particular type of diocese 10 called a missionary diocese can leave. And a missionary 11 diocese is a diocese that's outside the jurisdiction of the United States, so sort of dioceses that the Episcopal Church, 12 which is essentially a national church, but dioceses outside 13 14 the United States that the church is helping to get started, 15 which then often go off, break away with the consent of the 16 general convention, and become separate national churches of 17 their own.

18 It has a canon permitting it, prescribing how it can be 19 done with the consent of the general convention, so it's very 20 clear about that. It is true it does not say one way or 21 another whether a diocese in the territorial jurisdiction of 22 the US can or cannot, so it's ambiguous, arguably ambiguous 23 on that point, and the question is what does the Court do in 24 the face of that ambiguity.

25

One is it can look at the missionary diocese provision

1 and say, well, here's an instance where it's permitted.

2 Perhaps it's not permitted for any other diocese.

Another thing the Court can do is look at the course of 3 conduct that the diocese engaged in with the national church 4 about its fundamental nature. For example, in 1922 when the 5 Diocese of South Carolina decides that it wants to divide in 6 7 two, it doesn't just go divide in two. It takes elaborate steps to comply with the general convention canon and goes to 8 9 get permission from the general convention before it divides 10 itself in two. So that's evidence the diocese understood its 11 fundamental nature to be governed by the general convention.

12 Another type of evidence that is probative on what that -- whether the diocese was agreeing that it could not 13 14 leave is what was the -- what was understood by people with 15 knowledge of the Episcopal Church around that time in the 16 19th Century when the diocese adopted its overt accession 17 clause when it says the Diocese of South Carolina accedes to 18 the constitution and canons of the Episcopal Church and acknowledges their authority accordingly, what was the 19 20 understanding about whether a diocese could leave.

And we will -- we have evidence that what the understanding was is that whatever level of hierarchy there was in the church, that there's one thing that was clear, when a diocese accedes, it gives up the right to secede. THE COURT: Then you come back around to All Saints 1 where it was like, bye, and it was okay. I mean, doesn't All 2 Saints really answer that?

MS. KOSTEL: Well, All Saints was not a diocese case, so I don't believe there was evidence introduced in that case about that.

6

THE COURT: I get you.

7 MS. KOSTEL: And then finally on the right of free association and the right of free exercise, I agree with Your 8 9 Honor that the issue here is not an establishment clause 10 issue, it's a free exercise issue, but free exercise does not 11 only guarantee the right of an individual to worship where he 12 or she wants to. It clearly, clearly, protects that, and there's nothing -- the Episcopal Church is not preventing 13 14 individuals from leaving, okay? What it's trying to do is keep the integrity of its institution. It has nothing to do 15 16 with where individuals worship.

17 And so it's our belief, and we believe that Supreme 18 Court precedence supports this, that the free exercise clause 19 protects -- when individuals get together and form a 20 particular kind of religious institution, including its 21 governance, that the free exercise clause -- and then they go 22 and obey it and they carry out their lives according to it, 23 that the free exercise protects that structure from 24 disintegration by using the courts because that's -- it's not 25 a question of whether the individuals can worship however

1 they like. It's a question of what's happening to the church 2 institution that everyone agreed to join.

3 THE COURT: Yes.

4 MS. KOSTEL: So the free exercise clause does not favor 5 the leaving is my point.

6 MR. TISDALE: The Oprah book club being an example, if 7 you leave the Oprah book club, you can't take everything with 8 you that belongs to everybody else.

9 THE COURT: Which is the only issue that goes to the 10 constructive trust.

11 MR. TISDALE: Right.

MR. RUNYAN: I have an hour's worth to respond to that, but I won't. Associations are people for the purpose of the first amendment, and so saying that people can leave but associations can't still violates the freedom of association clause.

17 THE COURT: And here's what happened. Here's what 18 happened, and you can talk about how it happened, it was 19 fairly remarkable, but within the corporate structure of the State of South Carolina these folks, and I haven't studied 20 21 specifically and I have got to do that specifically, but just 22 as I was making my notes and we were doing our work and our 23 charts as they went along, looks like they did it pretty --24 it was certainly the corporate nature of these entities it 25 appears -- it appears, and that's not a decision, I'm not

making that decision because I've still got my study yet to do, but it looks like it was done properly, so if I'm there for a moment just in my head, then I'm sort of left with constructive -- this sort of lingering concern regarding constructive trust and this sort of equitable -- you know, equity is like whew, and that really is what remains.

And I don't know that -- I don't know that All Saints -and it may answer it and I may get there, but that would be the only one that sort of maybe in my head remains, which really does make you critical, you see.

11

Did you get any coffee?

12 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. Thank you.

13 THE COURT: So we will take a little break in just a 14 moment. I've got another colleague trying to reach me and I 15 need to respond to that, and we also need to take a break, 16 but let me tell you how I want to proceed.

17 I don't want -- I don't believe that Dr. Edgar can, as 18 tempting as it is, just read to me. I don't think that's 19 appropriate. I do think -- here's what is appropriate, 20 number one, the journals are in or going in, if they're not 21 already in, and I think a summary of those is absolutely --22 you're entitled to do a summary and you're entitled to do any 23 number of summaries. You're entitled to do a summary that 24 says I think this summary indicates this, I think this 25 summary indicates that. I think you're absolutely entitled

1 to do that.

What I don't want and if he's being offered for the			
proposition of hierarchical, let's play like he did that			
because I don't want to hear it because I've got that. You			
all know I've got that and where I am about that. I don't			
want to hear it. I would just play like we did it.			
If he wants to talk about why he believes based upon the			
information that he has reviewed that a constructive trust			
very well may lie, I'm sort of interested in that.			
MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, what we propose to do is			
present the documents			
THE COURT: Yes.			
MR. TISDALE: seriatim that he's considered, ask him			
how these documents relate to the issue that he's willing to			
say they support.			
THE COURT: Okay. Tell them what it is during the			
break, what that issue is, and I don't want to hear it. I			
want to go take a break because I've had now a couple of			
communications with a colleague, so let me run and do that.			
Everybody take a break.			
(Recess held.)			
THE COURT: Okay.			
MR. TISDALE: I will proceed, Your Honor, and I hope I			
will be able to do so in accordance with what you indicated			

25 we should do.

1 THE COURT: Okay. And yes.

MS. GOLDING: Just for the record, Your Honor, I was asked by a number of the parish attorneys to make sure the record reflects that our objections are encompassing of all the parishes, all the plaintiff parishes.

6 THE COURT: Oh, absolutely, absolutely. Thank you. 7 Thank you for making that clear.

8 MR. TISDALE: Thank you, Your Honor, and we'll proceed 9 as expeditiously as possible in light of your instructions. 10 THE COURT: Okay.

Q. Dr. Edgar, I first would like to ask you about your research and study of documents from the journals of the Diocese of South Carolina that concern and provide evidence of the historic connection between the diocese and the national church.

And the documents that I intend to ask you to summarize, for the benefit of the Court, begin in 1841, and the first one is marked as Exhibit 256, and if we could take a quick look at that, what is Document 256?

20 MR. RUNYAN: Excuse me. Could I have a copy of that 21 please? Is it already in evidence?

22 MR. TISDALE: It's not in evidence. I'm getting ready 23 to move it in evidence.

MS. KOSTEL: It's right on your hard drive right in front of you. 1 THE COURT: Where is it?

2 MR. TISDALE: It's right there. I don't have a hard 3 copy of it.

MR. RUNYAN: We've got 200 years of journals.
THE COURT: You have to have it. So just hold -Ms. Kostel, I know you're the hard drive expert. Can you
just assist them in finding it? Just tell them where it is.
MS. KOSTEL: Do you have the hard drive?

9 MR. RUNYAN: No.

10 MS. KOSTEL: Mr. Runyan doesn't have the hard drive with 11 the exhibits where we gave them their exhibits. I have an 12 extra.

13 MR. RUNYAN: If we're going to introduce it, then 14 there's going to have to be a hard copy. How about just show 15 me the one he's looking at or something so I can see what 16 you're talking about.

MR. TISDALE: He's looking at the screen I think. THE WITNESS: It's the cover to the journal from 1841. MS. GOLDING: If you're going to have exhibits, they have to have hard copies to be brought to the Court.

21 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, we'll provide a hard copy. 22 THE COURT: Okay. So let me ask you this question. Let 23 me just ask, because I don't know: The journals themselves, 24 they're only going to be excerpts from the journals that are 25 introduced, yes? 1 MR. TISDALE: Correct.

2 THE COURT: All right.

MR. TISDALE: That is correct, just one page probably. MS. KOSTEL: In answer to Your Honor's question, we have all of the journals in their entirety on the hard drive and we had intended, since there are no authenticity issues, to move them all into evidence, but to select out in testimony so that the other side knows what we're relying on, you know, the specific pages.

10 So we could just move the specific pages into evidence, 11 although because Professor Edgar is testifying -- he's saying 12 these are summaries, so we would lose -- so I'm not quite 13 sure.

14 THE COURT: Then it's not a summary.

MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, I understood, and maybe I was just confused. I understood in discussing this matter last week that we would be provided the information as to the pages or the lines or the excerpts --

19 THE COURT: Yes.

20 MS. GOLDING: -- that they were relying on. I believe 21 that we were supposed to have been provided that prior to any 22 testimony.

23 THE COURT: Yes, me too.

MS. GOLDING: That's where my confusion is. We don't have that information.

THE COURT: Okay. MS. KOSTEL: Actually, to be clear, I think our understanding was that we were doing pages for the parish, and I'm almost done with that list of all the pages in the journals throughout history that we're relying on that mention -- make parish-specific references.

As to the diocese-specific references, obviously, as
we've said, the constitutions and canons of every -- that are
at the back of most journals.

10 THE COURT: And you mentioned that.

MS. KOSTEL: Yes. And then we will take Your Honor, take the Court through some specific examples in the journals with Professor Edgar's testimony, but those are again examples of things that sometimes occur almost every year. Now, we have not pulled them out for every year. We can, but we have not.

17 THE COURT: Okay. Now, do you have -- of course you 18 have a list of that because you've got to be prepared to 19 examine Dr. Edgar.

20 MS. KOSTEL: Right.

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THE COURT: So here's what I need: I need for those to be provided to the plaintiffs, and please accept my apology because it's my responsibility to run the Court, and if I wasn't clear about that, it's my responsibility and I apologize. Because I certainly -- because of the volume of documents -- I was actually looking for another word, but because of the volume of documents, those excerpts I had wanted to be provided to the diocese along with the parishes, and if I wasn't clear about that, my fault, not yours, but I need for them to have that.

Now, having said that, it is impossible for the
plaintiffs to prepare for cross-examination without having an
opportunity to review that.

9 MS. KOSTEL: Okay.

10 THE COURT: So they've got to have it. So how quickly 11 can we get that to them?

MR. TISDALE: For Dr. Edgar's testimony we can give it to them right now, but orally. I don't have it in writing, but I can have it in my notes and this is what he's going to refer to.

16 THE COURT: I know it, but here's the problem: The 17 problem is that I need -- again, because the volume -- I 18 think somebody said 20,000 pages. It's huge. What I had 19 anticipated is that they would have the excerpts, and that 20 way they could be prepared to meet that evidence just as the 21 parishes are going to have.

22 Yes?

MS. KOSTEL: I have a suggestion. I think that we -- I can pretty quickly -- we can pretty quickly pull together the page numbers in the specific journals we're going to be introducing with Professor Edgar, but of course they need
 time to review that.

3 THE COURT: Yes.

4 MS. KOSTEL: What we also need time to do is to continue 5 to work with the parishes --

6 THE COURT: Yes.

7 MS. KOSTEL: -- on the exhibits.

8 THE COURT: Right.

9 MS. KOSTEL: So if we give the diocese those 10 designations and then take some time to work with parishes, I 11 don't know if that's adequate time for them to review the 12 diocese designations, but we could then spend -- not waste 13 time working and we can use that time when they're reviewing 14 the documents to work with the parishes on the parish 15 exhibits.

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16 THE COURT: I agree.
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MR. TISDALE: So it is my understanding then what we will do is give them the page number of each proposed exhibit that he plans to refer to in his testimony, and then we will -- after they have had an opportunity to review that information which they have, we will then proceed with his examination.

23 THE COURT: Yes.

24 MR. TISDALE: And the question is the timing for that. 25 THE COURT: That's right. And they can't tell you that

until they have it, right? 1 MS. GOLDING: Correct, Your Honor. 2 MR. RUNYAN: That's correct. 3 THE COURT: I mean, they're pretty magical, but they're 4 not so clairvoyant. Okay. So more coffee. 5 6 MR. BRYAN: Your Honor, on behalf of the parishes, this 7 testimony that is from the diocesan journals, is that relating to the parishes or just to the diocese? 8 9 THE COURT: I don't know. I don't know because I'm not offering it. 10 MR. BRYAN: If it is, wouldn't all the parish attorneys 11 get the same thing? 12 THE COURT: Probably. 13 14 MS. KOSTEL: Yes, we'll provide that to everyone. Most 15 of it is diocese specific, but there are, Bill, a few 16 instances that relate to the parishes too. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Forget Wednesday. 18 MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, I was going to suggest maybe we could have another witness, or do we have to go with this? 19 20 Whatever. Whatever the Court pleases. 21 THE COURT: I was sort of thinking that too. If we can, 22 I'm going to give them a moment to sort of meet and confer 23 about that. That would be terrific, but I'm real focused on 24 you all getting the information. That's like most important. 25 MR. BEERS: What Ms. Kostel is trying to say is we have

a ton of work to do with the individual parish's exhibits, so
we were hoping for a recess while first Ms. Kostel will get
these documents ready to everybody but then continue our
conversations with each of the parishes to try to get the
exhibits ready.

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6 THE COURT: Okay.
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7 MR. BEERS: In lieu of having another witness right at 8 the moment.

9 THE COURT: I understand. All right.

MS. KOSTEL: Your Honor, just quickly, do you think it would be useful to pull -- I sent out the revised parish exhibit lists that we agreed to on Friday just last night, and I have spoken to a number of the parish counsel, and we've worked through what we needed to work through. I don't know if there's anyone else on this side of the gallery who is ready to talk to us now.

17 MR. PHILLIPS: St. Philip's is ready.

18 THE COURT: Can we make a list? Let's just do this. 19 Why don't we do that so we can have some organization. 20 Obviously the dioceses, they need information. And obviously 21 all of you need the information that predominantly, as I 22 understand it, the documents that affect the diocese, so 23 we'll get those in just a moment.

If you'll do this for me, if you are ready to have a conversation with the defendants regarding the documents 1 specific to your parish, stand up.

2 That was you, Mark.

3 MR. PHILLIPS: Yes, ma'am.

MS. KOSTEL: I've spoken with maybe 15 or 20 parishes, so with those parishes we've agreed that no witness needs to come to put the document in, but they have some relevance objections.

8 THE COURT: Exactly. And you need to meet and confer 9 about that.

MS. KOSTEL: We have, and I think we're going to need the Court to resolve those, which I think if we can get through all of the parishes, the relevance objections sort of fall into categories so that we probably don't have to do it parish by parish.

15 THE COURT: Got it. And so, as I understand it, 16 everybody's sort of on the same sheet of music with regards 17 to concerns regarding relevancy?

18 I'm getting nods.

MR. PHILLIPS: Your Honor, Mark Phillips. At least as to my parish, it's not authenticity. There are some admissibility issues --

22 THE COURT: Yes.

23 MR. PHILLIPS: -- that we'll have to take up. Most of 24 them we're okay with.

25 THE COURT: Got it. And that's true, I gather, with

1 everyone. Does anybody -- did anyone fail to get -- let's 2 everybody assume your parish, you were the one to receive 3 documents for your parish. Did anyone fail to receive documents? 4 5 Mr. Easterling. MR. EASTERLING: Harry Easterling for St. David's. 6 7 THE COURT: Mr. Easterling, you didn't get any 8 information? 9 MR. EASTERLING: No, ma'am. But they promised it. I just don't have it yet. But, in fairness, they did say at 10 11 the time that they did not have the St. David's documents. 12 MS. KOSTEL: Oh, yes.

13 THE COURT: That's right. They're still working on you.
14 MR. EASTERLING: Yes, ma'am.

15 THE COURT: Keep hiding. Yes, and Mr. Campbell.

MR. CAMPBELL: I think there are a few left over from last night. Ms. Kostel indicated she didn't quite get all of them. One of those was mine too. I don't recall who the others were. There are a few that were outstanding.

20 THE COURT: Do you know who is yet to be emailed, just 21 so they can be on notice?

MS. KOSTEL: I have emailed all the lists except for St. Bartholomew's, St. David's, and Holy Trinity, and I can't do those until tonight probably, but everyone else has gotten a list. And I have spoken with a lot of people. I can tell

1 Your Honor which parishes I've already talked to, but not 2 everybody, so it seems to me it doesn't make sense to take up 3 the relevance objections until we're through all of them because I think we're all -- I think they're all going to 4 5 have categories of the same relevance objections. 6 THE COURT: Got it. My concern is that the meet and 7 confer has occurred. MS. KOSTEL: Right. 8 9 THE COURT: Practically that has. That's great. That's ready for me. That's super. 10 11 MS. KOSTEL: It hasn't occurred on all of them, but we 12 will have, yes. THE COURT: More likely than not they're all going to 13 14 have similar ones. 15 MS. KOSTEL: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Great. And then the diocese, when it 17 goes -- I'm most concerned with the diocese getting the 18 diocese documents, but everybody else wants them too. MS. KOSTEL: I'm going to sit down and type a list right 19 20 now. 21 MR. RUNYAN: My question was a timing question, Your 22 Honor. It's conceivable that once we see the documents it 23 will not take us very long at all to be able to figure out a 24 position on them, so the timing question is if that is the 25 case, does the Court want to resume, or does the Court want

to wait and resolve the parish issues as well first? 1 2 THE COURT: No. Here's what I want to do. I want, for this reason, because Dr. Edgar's here and he was here on 3 Friday, and I'm very mindful of the energy that's coming at 4 5 me going, oh, and so what I would prefer to do is my 6 preference, since, as I understand it, his testimony is more 7 directed with regards to the diocese, I'm sort of concerned 8 about getting you guys up and ready to go and then call him 9 back. Although he might really be ready to move to St. 10 George. I'd be shocked, but you never know. Right? 11 THE WITNESS: It's a beautiful place to visit, ma'am. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Wonderful. So I want you guys to get 13 it like as soon as possible. 14 It's 12:00, and those of you who are in the audience I 15 hope that your blood sugar is low because I think we're going

16 to take a break and now is a good time for you all to get 17 lunch I think, and, Mr. Platte, I hope you cooked and brought 18 things over the weekend. In any event, I think we'll take 19 that break and do that now.

20 MR. TISDALE: Excuse me, Your Honor. Just one question. 21 So we're certainly going to do that. She's going to provide 22 the information concerning the designations for his 23 testimony. Then after lunch perhaps we'll be in the position 24 to do that.

25 Now, my only question was, with regard to the parish

exhibit issues, we will deal with that this afternoon. I'm 1 2 just trying to plan when to have the next witness ready. 3 THE COURT: I know you are. I think that, well, I'm going to ask the parishes to caucus because you all are the 4 5 ones waiting on documents, waiting on those issues. Would it 6 be your preference to receive them in the evening and 7 continue with witnesses, or would it be your preference to 8 stop after Dr. Edgar and have you all have an opportunity to 9 meet with Ms. Kostel? I don't care because at this point I'm 10 not panicked that we're not going to be able to get things 11 done with inside the week.

12 MR. CAMPBELL: I believe we would like to continue the testimony and we'll continue to work on this as time permits. 13 14 THE COURT: Perfect. All right. We're going to take a 15 break now. Of course you're at liberty to talk about your 16 testimony because you haven't started yet, even to the extent -- even if -- of course, it won't be on the record, but if 17 18 you all want to chat, they're going to let you chat with him 19 if you want to chat. We don't have a court reporter, but if 20 you would like to talk to Dr. Edgar, I'm going to tell you 21 that I don't have any problem with it and I'm sure the 22 defendants don't have any problem with it if you all wish to 23 do that. It's not a deposition. It would simply be an 24 unrecorded chat, which you may or may not choose to do. 25 But in any event, here's what I'm going -- I'm here.

You all go get lunch. Let's for sure count on an hour and 15 1 2 minutes, but I am not pressing you all. You've got to look 3 at your documents, but Mr. Platte's going to report to me in an hour and a half just sort of what's going on. 4 5 Mr. Smith, if you want to come with him, you can come 6 with him too. 7 MR. SMITH: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: Very well. Then we will be in recess until 8 9 then. 10 (Lunch recess held.) THE COURT: Have you seen the documents? 11 12 MR. RUNYAN: Ready to roll. THE COURT: All right. Me too. 13 14 MR. TISDALE: While she's getting set up, Your Honor, I'll ask a few questions. 15 16 Dr. Edgar, in addition to the historical-related Q. 17 activities that I asked you about as part of your background, 18 do you also have a position with the Diocese of Upper South 19 Carolina? 20 A. Yes, sir, at one point I did. In the 1990s I was the 21 registrar of the diocese, which is -- there's one in the 22 diocese of south, but it's a different office. It's 23 historian/archivist. It's also a constitutional officer. I 24 had a seat, voice and vote in the state convention. 25 Q. All right. And that was in the 1990s?

1 A. Yes, sir.

2 Dr. Edgar, as we were talking earlier, the questions I Q. would like to begin asking you to help us understand is what 3 you have done to research and determine the historic 4 connection between the Diocese of South Carolina and the 5 6 national church, and in order to do that I'm going to ask you 7 about documents that you have considered and ask you not to read the documents that we will show but summarize what they 8 tell us about the connection, if you will. 9 Yes, sir. 10 Α.

11 Q. Now, the first we will refer to is Exhibit 256. What is 12 what's been marked 256?

13 A. This is the cover of the diocesan journal for 1841.

MR. TISDALE: Now, Your Honor, we have now given all of the page references in this and other documents that we will come to.

17 THE COURT: Okay.

18 MR. TISDALE: And I am reluctant to take the time to 19 move the admission of each one separately, but should I do 20 that? I move that this one be admitted into evidence.

THE COURT: The question is are the journals in evidence? Have the journals themselves been offered into evidence? No. Too many of them.

MS. KOSTEL: I think we did offer them en masse, and so the issues were -- well, one issue is that they -- many of them at the end contain the constitution and canons of the diocese, and it was our contention that all of those should come in, but then in the journal of the proceedings I think what we have just given opposing counsel are the specific pages.

6

THE COURT: Excerpts.

MS. KOSTEL: But then we'll also give specific pages for the parishes hopefully tonight, and then we will have covered all the other pages that are not in the constitution and canons.

11

THE COURT: Okay.

12 And the position of the diocese with regards to the 13 admission of the journals is?

14 MR. RUNYAN: Well, I don't know that we want to 15 introduce every single journal in the record, 20,000 pages. 16 We have no objection as to authenticity other than -- other 17 than a relevance issue on the issue of hierarchy, I don't 18 have any objection to this document and I don't know that I 19 have any to the excerpts other than, as we've covered before, 20 I think there may be one or two that I have an issue with, 21 but I'm aware of what those are, so I don't mind this 22 procedure if that suits the Court.

23 THE COURT: Okay.

24 MR. TISDALE: So should I move them individually?
25 THE COURT: No, I think you move them in en masse.

MR. TISDALE: We can do that. 1 2 MS. GOLDING: Except as to when he refers to a document that we have an objection, we will. If we don't, we won't. 3 THE COURT: Very well. 4 MR. TISDALE: I'll just wait until I get to each one of 5 these little sections for him and move the admission of the 6 documents he's referred to by exhibit number. 7 8 THE COURT: I think they were going to -- they know 9 what -- as I understand it, plaintiffs know what they're going to object to. 10 11 MS. GOLDING: Correct. 12 THE COURT: So why don't you keep rolling until they 13 object. 14 MR. TISDALE: So all of these are admitted subject to 15 objection? 16 THE COURT: That's correct. 17 MR. TISDALE: Perfect. That saves time. 18 MS. KOSTEL: We're moving them in en masse, but then we're going to select out certain pages. Is that what I 19 20 heard Your Honor say? 21 MR. RUNYAN: I thought our position was the excerpts 22 that we had looked at we don't have a problem with except for 23 a few. 24 MR. TISDALE: Those are the only ones we're going to 25 refer to.

MR. RUNYAN: I really don't think we have a big issue
 here.

3 MR. TISDALE: I just want them to be in evidence, that's 4 all.

5 MS. KOSTEL: I think this is just a purely technical 6 issue, which is that what's scanned onto that hard drive are 7 the whole things, and we're happy to limit what we're 8 actually submitting to the specific pages on these lists, but 9 physically to create that, yes.

10 THE COURT: Let me just say this. In terms of the 11 record, there are really two issues that I'm concerned about. 12 I'm not concerned about the excerpts. I'm not concerned 13 about dealing with the objections. There are two issues.

Issue No. 1 is it is the position of the defendants that there is relevance that the constitution and the canons are if not each and every journal, mostly each and every journal. That can either be done by stipulation or it's got to be done by an exhibit. That's the Issue No. 1. There's nothing that I can do with regards to that other than admit the journal.

The other issue is that there are two journals that are in, and they went in last week with Bishop -- and forgive me. I do not recall his --

23 MR. TISDALE: Bishop Daniel probably.

24 THE COURT: Okay. And those were referred to by -25 you're telling me it was not.

1 MR. RUNYAN: No. It's exhibited to the witness and the 2 question was asked, but they didn't go into evidence, we 3 didn't move them into evidence, and they were the Episcopal 4 Church constitution and canons.

5 MS. KOSTEL: Right, they were not journals.

6 THE COURT: That's right. Okay. Then I'm not concerned 7 about that. All right. If you all are good with the 8 excerpts, I'm good with the excerpts. You're going to have 9 to resolve the issue what you do about your constitution and 10 the canons that are in those journals. If you can't work out 11 a stipulation and it's important to you, then you're going to 12 have to --

13 MR. TISDALE: For this witness, we're just going to 14 refer to excerpts, and we've marked this particular one as 15 Exhibit 256.

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16 THE COURT: Okay.
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17 Dr. Edgar, what is the document that's on the screen? Q. 18 The document is the constitution of the Protestant Α. Episcopal Church in the Diocese of South Carolina. In 1841 19 there was a new Article 1. It's entitled "Of acceding to the 20 21 constitutions and canons of the general convention." 22 What does that tell us about from this document the Q. 23 connection between the diocese and the national church? 24 MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, I object. The best evidence is the document itself, and he can't --25

1 MR. TISDALE: He was told to summarize it, was what the 2 Judge said, not to read it.

3 THE COURT: The question was what does it say. I've got 4 to read it.

5 Q. Dr. Edgar, would you read this excerpt, please?6 A. Yes, sir.

7 It is Article 1. The title is "Of acceding to the constitution and canons of the general convention." The 8 9 Protestant Episcopal Church in South Carolina accedes to, 10 recognizes and adopts the general constitution and canons of 11 the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America and acknowledges their authority accordingly. 12 13 Q. Now, Dr. Edgar, does this document say whether or not 14 that provision passed the vote of the convention? 15 This passed on the floor of the convention unanimously. Α. 16 All right, sir. Let's go now to what's been marked as Q. 17 Exhibit 259, and I will ask you to tell us what this is? 18 This is the cover for the convention of 1844. Α. And have you considered this in your research as to 19 Q. 20 establishing connection between the diocese and the national 21 church? 22 Would you please repeat that, sir? Α. 23 Q. Have you considered an excerpt from this journal, 1844,

24 to establish the connection between the national church and 25 the diocese?

1	A. Yes, sir, I have.			
2	2. And would you refer to the page number and what you			
3	considered and, as they have indicated they wish you to do,			
4	read the excerpt?			
5	A. It is Page 39, and it was a proposed resolution which I	-		
6	think, sir, and, Your Honor, I think it would be better to			
7	read this one.			
8	2. They've asked you to read it I think.			
9	A. Okay.			
10	2. Instead of summarizing, as I thought we previously			
11	agreed, read it, please.			
12	A. Resolved that while each diocese of the church is wholl	-y		
13	independent of every other and may guide and govern itself			
14	and all things indifferent by its own law its own discretion,			
15	its own will, and is bound even to its union in general			
16	convention only by its own consent.			
17	2. Now, how was that resolution dealt with by the			
18	convention?			
19	A. The convention in 1845 defeated the resolution.			
20	2. All right. Now let's go to what's been marked Exhibit			
21	260, and is that the 1845 journal that dealt with the			
22	resolution you just read?			
23	A. I'm looking at the cover right now.			
24	Q. Okay. What is the cover?			
25	A. The cover of the 1845 journal.			

Now, have you determined by an excerpt in this journal 1 Ο. to determine what happened to the resolution proposed in 1844 2 that you referred to a minute ago? 3 Yes, sir. It's a parliamentary procedure. The motion 4 Α. 5 was brought back up, and the disposition was so the 6 indefinite postponement was carried by a majority of both 7 orders. All right. Now, let's go to Exhibit 286. 8 Ο. 9 This is the cover for the journal of 1872. Α. And --10 Q. 11 MS. GOLDING: What exhibit number is that one? 12 MR. TISDALE: 286. 13 MS. GOLDING: Thank you. 14 What does this particular journal of 1872 tell us about Q. the connection between the diocese and the national church? 15 16 Article 1 is still the accession clause. Α. 17 Explain accession. From what to what? Q. 18 The church in this diocese accedes to and adopts the Α. 19 constitution and canons of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 20 the United States of America and acknowledges their authority 21 accordingly. 22 Thank you, Doctor. Now I'll ask that we take a look Q. at -- skip ahead to 2009, Exhibit 423. And did you look at 23 24 all of the journals from 1785 to present? 25 1785 to 2010, sir. Α.

1 Q. To 2010?

2 A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. And was this 2009 journal one that you examined?

4 A. Yes, sir.

Q. Tell us along the same lines as we have talked about
just now about what it tells you also about the accession
between the diocese and the national church.

A. All right. This is the constitution from the 2009
journal, Article 1. The church in the Diocese of South
Carolina accedes to and adopts the constitutions and canons
of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of
America and acknowledges this authority accordingly.

Q. Dr. Edgar, at any time in all of the journals -- I know you've picked out or selected these that you have testified to from 1841 to 2009. Did you see any journal between 1841 and 2009 in which the accession clause between the diocese and national church was different from what you have explained to us?

19 A. Yes, sir, during the period 1861 to 1865.

20 Q. Well, while we're on that subject, let's talk about it 21 for a minute.

22 MR. TISDALE: And I'll ask you, Ms. Kostel, to move to 23 Exhibit 276.

24 A. This is the diocesan journal for 1861.

25 Q. What happened to the connection between the Diocese of

South Carolina and the national church during the period of
 the American Civil War?

A. They were in different territories. The Confederate
States of America was an independent nation, and this
affected the relationship, as Bishop Davis explained in his
address, which is what this excerpt is from.

Q. All right. And I think they would like you to read that
rather than summarize it, so can you tell us what it says?
And this is the journal of this diocese in 1861, correct?
A. Yes, sir.

11 Q. All right. What does it say about this?

12 Thus when the United States were acknowledged as an Α. 13 independent government, the clergy, who are the subjects of 14 that government, became necessarily separated from the 15 English church and excluded from spiritual jurisdiction 16 therein or subjection thereto -- thereunto, the same 17 principle lying, I think, deep in the bosoms of those who 18 originated the constitution of the general convention -- and that is capitalized, general convention -- was wrought into 19 20 that document and the principle is there set forth and is I 21 think more thoroughly incorporated in it even than expressed 22 that none but a citizen of the United States shall be a 23 member of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United 24 States.

25

We are, of course, so no longer, not entitled to

1 spiritual jurisdiction therein nor subject to the government 2 thereof, but this is the precise and only aspect of the subject presented to us. There is no principle of spiritual 3 life involved. There is no article of the faith at issue. 4 5 It is simply a question of constitutional confederation, and our conclusion is that the condition of confederation being 6 7 broken, the confederation exists no longer, parentheses, I am 8 speaking of constitutional -- excuse me. I am speaking of 9 constitutions and constitutional relations and this is the 10 subject before us, closed parentheses.

11 It has been broken also by actions without ourselves as 12 a church. The course of divine providence in the entire 13 change of the government, of which we are subjects, has 14 determined this for us. We are, therefore, a free and 15 independent diocese. We are so to without sin or schism, and 16 our way is open before us to do what we deem best for 17 ourselves and promoting the glory of God.

18 Q. All right. Now, what happened based upon your study and 19 research at the general convention roll call in 1862 20 concerning this matter?

A. The roll was called at the general convention and the States of the Confederacy were called as if to answer, and of course there was no one present to answer. The roll call began in 1862, as it always had, with Alabama.

25 Q. All right. The name of the Diocese of South Carolina

1 was called?

2 A. The diocese, that was part of the roll call, yes, sir.

3 Q. What exhibit do you have next?

4 A. It's the proceedings of 1866.

5 Q. And what is this, Dr. Edgar?

A. This is the journal of the proceedings of the Diocese ofSouth Carolina in 1866.

8 Q. And --

And as part of that, actually facing the title page of 9 Α. 10 the document is a resolution that was passed. It's called 11 preamble and resolutions of the general council of Protestant 12 Episcopal Church in the, parentheses, late, closed parentheses, Confederate States that was then ordered to be 13 14 printed in this journal of the Diocese of South Carolina. 15 And what are the pertinent parts that you considered? Ο. 16 The opening sentence, whereas, the several dioceses Α. 17 which we as bishops and deputies represent at this council 18 were impaled by political events to separate in a legislative 19 capacity from the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United 20 States and there follow several resolutions, and the second 21 resolution is that it be recommended that wherever the word 22 confederate occurs in the standards of this church, the word 23 united be substituted there for.

Q. Now, Dr. Edgar, after the war in 1866 did the Diocese ofSouth Carolina reapply to become a part of the Episcopal

Church, or were they accepted without such application? 1 2 Α. There is no record of their having made an application. 3 And did their role as a diocese in the Episcopal Church 0. continue? 4 MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, I'm going to make an 5 objection. The record speaks for itself. 6 7 Would you read the excerpt concerning this matter that Q. 8 is before you? 9 THE COURT: I would sustain the objection and I 10 understand it's being rectified. MR. TISDALE: I'm sorry. 11 12 THE COURT: Okay. Doctor? 13 Q. This is still from the 1866 journal? 14 Α. 15 Right. Q. 16 THE WITNESS: Your Honor, did you want me to read the resolution or not? 17 18 THE COURT: I can read it. Just hold on a second. 19 Okay. I have read it. 20 THE WITNESS: All right. And the resolution was 21 adopted. 22 Q. Thank you, Dr. Edgar. 23 Now, I think I asked you this before, but from 1841, 24 except for the Civil War period you've just discussed, 25 through 2009, was the accession clause ever changed and

accepted as modified during the period of the Civil War?
 A. There was always an accession clause. I think at one
 time "this" was changed to "thee," but there was no change in
 accession.

5 Q. And that goes through 2009?

6 A. Through 2009, yes, sir.

Q. Now I would like to move to another subject and ask you, please, to review some documents to tell us something about how the diocese has related to the rules of the national church and how they have conformed to such rules in history. First we will turn to Exhibit 227.

12 A. All right. This is the journal from the 181213 convention.

14 Q. And how does it relate to giving us an understanding of 15 the dioceses of South Carolina relating to and conforming to 16 the rules of the national church?

A. At the 1812 convention the Diocese of South Carolina elected the Reverend Theodore Dehon as the second bishop of South Carolina, and this excerpt is his response to the convention.

21 Q. Read it, please.

A. I will now give you my consent. He consents to being elected bishop, and then he adds, In order to carry your wishes into effect, it will be necessary that the testimonials from the convention of the state required in this case by the third canon of the general convention should be prepared and signed before you adjourn and that the standing committee shall be -- excuse me -- that the standing committee should be directed by the convention to take the necessary steps for convening a college of bishops at such time as will be found proper.

7 The original I saw was -- I think it's an "as" in there.
8 Q. Is there anything else in this particular document, 1812
9 journal, related --

10 A. Yes, there's one thing, I think. The secretary prepared 11 the testimonial required by the canons in the case of the 12 bishop elect, and it was signed by the members of the 13 convention.

14 Q. Now, when it used the word "canons" there, is it 15 referring to the canons of the diocese or the national 16 church?

MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, I will make an objection. I think the document speaks for itself as to what canons are referred to.

20 THE COURT: Sustained.

21 Q. All right. Did Bishop Dehon become second bishop of the 22 diocese?

23 A. Yes, sir, he was consecrated.

24 Q. All right. Let's look at Exhibit 258.

25 A. This is the title page from the 1843 journal.

Q. How does it relate to the issue we've talked about,
 conformity with the rules?

3 A. I'm sorry, sir?

How does this document help us understand whether or not 4 Ο. the diocese conformed to the rules of the national church? 5 6 Α. This is from the standing committee report, and among the business that the standing committee reported to the 7 diocesan convention, they have also given their consent to 8 9 the consecration of the Reverend Dr. John Johns to be 10 assistant bishop of Virginia and of the Reverend Dr. Manton 11 Eastburn to be assistant bishop of Massachusetts.

12 Q. Now, why were these consents being given, do you know?
13 A. The standing committee operates according to the
14 diocesan canons. Their duties are laid out by the canons of
15 the national church.

16 Q. Canons of the national church?

17 A. Yes, sir.

18 Q. All right. And was this action that you read from this 19 1843 journal in conformity with the standards set by the 20 national church?

21 A. Yes, sir.

22 Q. All right. Let's go to Exhibit 265, please.

23 A. This is the 1850 journal title page?

Q. Yes, sir. And still on the issue of conformity with the rules of the national church, can you give us an example by

any excerpt that you've noted in this journal, 1850? 1 2 Again we're dealing with the standing committee report. Α. Also consent was given by them to the consecration of the 3 Reverend William M. Green, D.D., as bishop of the diocese of 4 5 Mississippi. Now, without going into any of the other journals along 6 Ο. 7 this period of time, are there other examples that you read in your research in reading all the journals of where the 8 9 diocese standing committee gave consent to elections of 10 bishops? 11 Yes, sir. It gave its consent. Sometimes it withheld Α. 12 its consent. We're going to look at one of those right now, Exhibit 13 Q. 14 289. What year is this? 15 It's labeled 85th convention. I have to look at my Α. 16 Roman numerals. 17 I think I can save a little time. We have down that Ο. 18 it's 1875. Do you think that's correct? 19 1875 convention, yes, sir. There are two Xs. I see Α. 20 that. 21 Now, what happened in this based upon -- and you've Q. 22 marked some excerpt there, and so I think they will want you 23 to read it. 24 Α. This is an appendix to the journal and it's the annual communication of the standing committee. The committee 25

1	refused to consent to the consecration of the Reverend Dr.		
2	DeKoven as bishop of Illinois.		
3	Q.	Was this, again, an obligation imposed by the national	
4	chur	ch for the standing committees of the Diocese?	
5	Α.	Yes, sir. The standing committee is asked to consent or	
6	nonconsent to bishops.		
7	Q.	Ordinations?	
8	Α.	Ordinations.	
9	Q.	And in this case it declined?	
10	Α.	It was declined.	
11	Q.	Now, go to 321 if we can. What year is this journal	
12	from?		
13	Α.	This is 1907.	
14	Q.	What does this particular journal deal with along the	
15	line	s of the issue we're talking about?	
16	Α.	This is dealing with the discussion of the possible	
17	division of the diocese.		
18	Q.	Let me go back from that a little bit. This is 2007.	
19	Α.	All right. Excuse me.	
20	Q.	Excuse me. Not 2007; 1907.	
21	Α.	Excuse me. All right.	
22	Q.	And does it deal with the election of a bishop of some	
23	sort?		
24	Α.	Yes, sir. It deals with the election of a bishop	
25	coad	jutor, and it says, Whereas it's necessary under the	

1 general canons of the church that certain testimonials, etc., shall be signed by this body and its officers. 2 Now, was a testimonial signed in this case having to do 3 0. with the election of a bishop coadjutor for South Carolina? 4 Yes, sir, it was. It was election of the Reverend W. 5 Α. 6 Alexander Guerry as bishop coadjutor of the Diocese of South 7 Carolina. 8 And is this testimonial necessary to go with a consent Ο. 9 to the ordination? 10 Α. Yes, sir. 11 All right. So let's look at 393. Q. 12 This is the 1979 convention. Α. And what does it have to do with the conformity of the 13 Q. 14 diocese to rules of the general convention, national church? 15 These are resolutions passed at convention, R-7, Α. 16 resolution offered by the committee on the bishop's address. 17 Subject: Memorialize general convention requesting general 18 convention's consent for election of bishop coadjutor. 19 '79, 1979? Q. 20 Α. 1979. 21 Was that consent granted or not? Q. 22 Yes, it was. Α. 23 Ο. And if we look at Exhibit 394? 24 Α. Yes, sir, that's the conclusion of that resolution. 25 What is this, 394? Ο.

1 A. This is --

2 Q. 1980?

3 A. Yes, sir, this is September 1980.

4 Q. And what does it concern. The last one was '79 that we 5 looked at. It's 394.

A. This is actually a special convention. Those special
convention proceedings were included in the journal of that
year.

9 Q. Right.

10 A. The voting proceeded as above until the seventh ballot,11 which resulted in the election of the Reverend Dr.

12 Christopher FitzSimons Allison.

13 Q. An election to what?

14 A. As bishop coadjutor.

And the last business of the special convention 15 16 following the signing of the required testimonials of the 17 clergy and lay deputies, the convention was recessed. 18 And were these testimonials after the election to comply Q. 19 with the rules of the national church? 20 Α. Rules of the national church, yes, sir. 21 Okay. Now, we've been over a few examples of the Q. 22 compliance with the rules that you've explained. Has this 23 action been consistent with that indicated in the other 24 journals you reviewed over the period of the history of the

25 diocese?

Yes, sir. In terms of elections in South Carolina? 1 Α. 2 Q. Yes. There were two journals when I did not actually see 3 Α. references to testimonials, but since the individuals 4 5 concerned were consecrated, the testimonials had to have been 6 submitted. That could not have happened without them being 7 submitted. All right. Now, the next exhibit is 422 that we'll look 8 Ο. 9 at briefly. What journal is this? 10 This is the journal of the 2008 convention. Α. 11 2008? Q. Yes, sir. 12 Α. And along the lines of conformity with the rules, what 13 Q. 14 does this indicate that --15 This is a continuation of a recessed convention, and Α. 16 from the journal on September the 16th, 2006, we, referring 17 to the diocese, elected Mark Lawrence at a special electing 18 convention. His election was judged null and void, as a few 19 of the needed standing committee consents were not submitted 20 properly. 21 Okay. So what happened? Q. 22 They had another election. Α. 23 Q. All right. Now I want to turn to a subject you 24 mentioned a few minutes ago, and that is the role or the 25 interaction between the national church and the diocese when

1	it comes to a plan to divide the Diocese of South Carolina.
2	And to do that, to talk about it, I would like to, by
3	referring to the examples we're going to look at, ask you to
4	tell us, if you can, how the national church figured in the
5	plan to divide South Carolina, the whole state, into the two
6	dioceses that it now is; that is, Upper South Carolina and
7	South Carolina, and to begin this we look at Exhibit 324.
8	A. This is a report of the committee on division of the
9	diocese.
10	Q. What year?
11	A. I didn't see the title page. I think it's 1910.
12	Q. It is.
13	A. At the meeting held in November the former subcommittee
14	reported that they found no legal or canonical difficulties
15	in the way of division and that they were prepared to furnish
16	all the documents necessary in case the matter of division
17	was to be presented to the next general convention.
18	Q. And what happened to this particular resolution or
19	proposal?
20	A. They chose not to divide at this point.
21	Q. What year did you say it was, 1910?
22	A. 1910.
23	Q. Move forward to Exhibit 334.
24	A. This is 1920.
25	Q. Yes, sir. And what, if anything, was considered in 1920

in that journal of the convention of the diocese concerning 1 2 the proposal to divide the state into two? The bishop in his address --3 Α. What bishop was that? 4 Q. 5 This is Bishop William Alexander Guerry in his address Α. 6 to the convention. 7 I would remind you, however, that division under our 8 church law would not be possible until the next general 9 convention, or nearly three years from date. All right. So let's go to 336, which I think is the 10 Q. 11 1922 journal. What is the journal? 12 This is the journal for the 1922 convention. Α. All right. I think they want you to read the excerpt, 13 Q. 14 if you will, if it relates to this proposal to divide the 15 state into two. 16 Yes, sir, this is for the division of the diocese. Α. 17 Resolved, that the consent of the council of the Diocese 18 of South Carolina be and is hereby given to the erection and establishment within the limits of this diocese of a new 19 20 diocese to be composed of the territory embraced within the 21 following counties. 22 THE WITNESS: Do you want me to read the counties, Your 23 Honor?

24 THE COURT: You don't need to.

25 Q. Skip the counties.

And that this council requests the bishop of the diocese 1 Α. 2 and its duly elected deputies to present to the general 3 convention at its next ensuing session a memorial setting forth all necessary canonical information accompanied by the 4 5 proper documents and evidence and praying that the said division of this diocese be sanctioned and confirmed. 6 7 Dr. Edgar, as a matter of history, were the two Ο. dioceses -- was the diocese of Upper South Carolina created? 8 9 Α. It was. At the national convention in Portland in 1923 10 the general convention acceded to the division of the 11 diocese.

12 (Attorneys confer.)

MR. TISDALE: I'm going to show you -- this document is not scanned. It's been marked as Exhibit 17, and we're giving copies to everybody. Have you got one for the Judge? I'll pass it up, if I may. 1923 journal. It has to do with the same subject of the division of the diocese.

18 (Defendant's Exhibit 17 marked for identification.)
19 Q. Can you tell us whether the general convention -- you
20 said 1923. Could it have been 1922?

21 A. Yes, sir. What page are you referring?

22 Q. Look at Page 115.

23 A. Yes, sir, it was 1922. I misspoke.

Q. And just to clear that up, in 1922 did the general convention give consent for the division? 1 A. Yes, sir, it did.

Q. Okay. And that's shown by the exhibit you're looking at
now, which I think is -- what's the number on the front?
A. No. 17.

5 Q. 17. Thank you, Doctor.

Now let's move to another topic briefly. I am going to point to an exhibit or two and ask you to consider what we looked at in light of the question or to view the question of how the relationship between the diocese and the national church involves the control over geographic boundaries of the various dioceses, and I'll show you a couple documents to

12 look at. The first one is 414. What is that?

13 A. It's the journal for 2000.

14 Q. And what can you derive from it to talk about the 15 control of the general convention over the diocesan 16 boundaries? And there's an excerpt I think.

17 A. Okay. I've got to lean close with my trifocals.18 THE COURT: Sure.

19 A. This is a report of the standing committee.

20 Consented to the ceding of that part of the territory of 21 the Episcopal Diocese of Minnesota consisting of Clay County, 22 Minnesota, to the Episcopal Diocese of North Dakota in 23 March -- on March 22, excuse me, March 22, 1999.

Q. Have you seen other examples of this same issue in other journals? 1 A. Yes, sir, involving other dioceses.

2 Q. Other dioceses. And is there a requirement for consent 3 of the church?

4 A. This is report of the standing committee of the Diocese5 of South Carolina.

6 MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, Dr. Edgar, please excuse me. I 7 have an objection.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 MR. RUNYAN: I think the document speaks for itself. He 10 asked if there was a requirement of consent for the church. 11 I don't know which church he's talking about. If it's the 12 national church, then I would object to it as lack of 13 foundation.

MR. TISDALE: Thank you. I'll address the matter another way.

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16 THE COURT: All right.
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Q. In your study and research on all the journals that you testified you've looked at, are there other examples where consent has been required from the general convention to change the territories of dioceses?

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21 THE WITNES
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THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

22 MR. RUNYAN: That is inconsistent with what was just 23 read. The document speaks for itself. Consent is required 24 from the standing committees of the dioceses, not the general 25 convention.

MR. TISDALE: With that correction, I will -- I will 1 2 accept that. THE COURT: Okay. 3 Now, has your research indicated throughout the history 4 Q. of the Episcopal Church, the national church, that consents 5 have been given or declined for the ordination of bishops in 6 7 the various dioceses by standing committees and the bishops 8 of the dioceses? 9 Yes, sir. Α. 10 MR. RUNYAN: Lack of foundation. 11 THE COURT: Say what? 12 MR. RUNYAN: Lack of foundation. THE COURT: Oh, you had an objection? 13 14 MR. RUNYAN: I did. He said throughout the entire Episcopal Church. Lack of foundation. 15 16 MR. TISDALE: Well, throughout the national church. MR. RUNYAN: Lack of foundation. 17 18 THE COURT: Sustained. 19 Has the general convention of the Episcopal Church Q. 20 required, the constitution and canons of the Episcopal Church 21 required, that parishes in the respective dioceses of the 22 Episcopal Church, the national church, obtain consent of 23 their own standing committees for the encumbrance of 24 property? 25 MS. GOLDING: Again, Your Honor, it's the same.

1 THE COURT: Sustained.

2 MS. GOLDING: Thank you, Your Honor.

3 MR. TISDALE: Okay.

4 Q. Let's look at Exhibit 415. What is this, Dr. Edgar?
5 A. This is the 211 convention, which would have been in
6 2001.

7 Q. 2001?

8 A. Yes, sir.

9 Q. And look at the excerpt, if there is one. And this has 10 to do with the cession of territory, and I'm simply asking 11 you to refer to the excerpt and see if it's another example 12 of the consent of this diocese?

A. The standing committee consented to the ceding of a
portion of the territory of the diocese of Arizona consisting
of Page, Arizona, to the diocese of Utah, November 14th,
2000.

Q. Moving to another topic in our examination of this issue of the relationship and the connection between the diocese and the national church, I would like to ask you a series of questions by reference to journals you have considered having to do with the governance of parishes in the respective dioceses.

23 A. Yes, sir.

24 Q. Exhibit 237?

25 A. This is the 1822 journal.

1 Q. And would you look at the excerpts that are marked there

2 to see and read to us what relates to this issue in that

3 particular journal of 1822?

- 4 A. This is from the bishop's address.
- 5 Q. Who's the bishop?
- 6 A. 1822 it's going to be Bishop Gadsden.
- 7 Q. Could it possibly be Dehon?
- 8 A. I'm trying to remember when Bishop Dehon died.
- 9 Q. It doesn't matter. Just go ahead.
- 10 A. It's from the bishop's address, sir.
- 11 Q. All right.

12 A. The receiving of the new congregation of Manchester into 13 the convention by their delegates reminds me again to suggest 14 for your consideration the importance of instituting some 15 regular uniform mode of receiving churches newly organized 16 into our diocesan association.

17 Q. Okay. Now can we look at Page 39 of that journal? Is 18 it this same journal, I believe, in 1822?

19 A. Yes, sir, and at that particular convention.

20 MR. TISDALE: Page 39, just for the record.

21 Q. Go ahead, sir.

A. They passed Canon 1. The title of that canon is "Of the admission of churches or parishes into the convention."

24 Q. This is Diocese of South Carolina convention?

25 A. Yes, sir.

1 Q. Would you read that, please?

2 Whenever a church or parish not now entitled to a Α. representation shall be desirous of uniting with the 3 convention of the church in this diocese, they shall apply by 4 letter to the bishop, or, when there is no bishop, to the 5 6 standing committee stating the due organization of their 7 church, the election of their vestrymen and church wardens, 8 their means or prospects for the support of a minister, and 9 their willingness to conform to the constitution and canons 10 of the general convention and the constitution and canons of 11 the convention of this diocese which are now or hereafter may 12 be enacted by authority of the same.

13 Q. This was what year?

14 A. 1822.

15 Q. Okay. Let's go to 238, Exhibit 238.

16 A. This is the journal of 1823.

17 Q. What does it do with regard to parish -- requirements of 18 a parish to conform with whatever it is?

19 A. They replaced Canon 1 with what would become initially 20 the fourth article, and it goes as follows: That the canon 21 adopted at the present convention, 1822, regulating the 22 admission of churches newly organized into conventions be 23 made an article of the constitution. The question being 24 taken, agreeing on the article of the report, it carried 25 unanimously. 1 Q. And did it become a part of the constitution?

2 A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. All right. Exhibit 247, what journal is this?

4 A. This is 1832.

5 Q. Diocese of South Carolina?

6 A. Yes, sir.

7 Q. And what does it relate to regarding parish and its 8 relationship to the diocese?

9 A. This is in the business meeting of the convention.

10 Q. 1832?

11 A. Yes, sir.

12 A letter was read addressed to the bishop by Mr. John Rivers, chairman of the vestry of St. James Church, James 13 14 Island, expressing their desire to be admitted into union with the conventions of the churches -- of the church in this 15 16 diocese. And it goes through the different -- they further 17 state they are willing and do hereby conform to the 18 constitution and canons of the general convention and the constitution and canons of the convention of this diocese 19 20 which are now or may hereafter be enacted by authority of the 21 same.

22 Q. All right. Let's turn to Exhibit 269. What year 23 journal is this?

24 A. This is the journal for 1854.

25 Q. And does this have to do with a parish's relationship

- 1 with the diocese?
- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- 3 Q. And what parish is it?
- 4 A. It is the parish of St. Thaddeus Aiken.

5 Q. That's not in this Diocese of South Carolina right now, 6 is it?

7 A. No, sir, but it was then.

8 Q. In 1854, before the division, right?

9 A. Yes, sir. This is the resolution that was adopted by10 general convention.

11 Q. All right.

A. Resolved that a committee of two clergymen and two laymen be appointed to examine the charter of St. Thaddeus' Church, Aiken, and report to the convention at its next session whether the same is in conformity to the constitution of the Episcopal Church of this state and of the United States.

18 Q. Was this issue dealt with at next convention?

19 A. Yes, sir.

20 Q. How?

21 A. It was accepted into union.

22 Q. St. Thaddeus Aiken?

23 A. Yes, sir.

Q. Exhibit 271, please. Along the same lines that we'vebeen talking, parish's relationship to the diocese, and the

1 national church's involvement.

2 A. This is the journal of 1856.

3 Q. What happened then?

A. There was a committee on reception of churches.
Sometimes it's called committee on admissions. It varies
from journal to journal.

7 The committee on reception of churches reported in favor of St. Jude's Church Walterboro, which was on motion received 8 9 into union with the convention. They also reported that the 10 application of Christ Church Mars Bluff was canonical except 11 in not stating their means for the support of a minister. 12 This defect being supplied verbally on motion, Christ Church Mars Bluff was received into the union with the convention. 13 14 Trinity Church Black Oak, not having complied with all the canonical requisites, the application of this church was laid 15 16 on the table in order to give time for supplying its deficiencies. 17

18 Q. Now, was Trinity Church Black Oak subsequently brought 19 in?

20 A. Yes, sir, it was.

21 MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, before you get to the -- are 22 you going to the next exhibit, Tom? I'm sorry.

23 MR. TISDALE: Go ahead.

24 MR. RUNYAN: There's a portion of the next exhibit that 25 I have no problem with, but R-3 I don't think is relevant.

1 MR. TISDALE: You're referring to what we have as 2 Exhibit 415?

3 MR. RUNYAN: 2001.

4 MR. TISDALE: 2001, yes.

5 MR. RUNYAN: I believe the top part, but not R-3.

6 MR. TISDALE: Let's go to 415 and get it cleared up 7 right now. I'm not going to go into it. If you don't want 8 him to read it, he won't read it.

9 MS. KOSTEL: I'll go to the part we're talking about.

10 MR. TISDALE: I won't go into it if you object to it.

11 Go to the section that they don't object to --

12 MS. KOSTEL: Right.

13 MR. TISDALE: -- of 415.

14 (Attorneys confer.)

Q. Now, we are referring to an excerpt from the 2001 convention, which is Exhibit 415. Now, is this section on the screen not objected to? Okay. Tell us what this relates to, Dr. Edgar?

A. This is under resolutions adopted by the convention. It was called R-2, whereas -- and the subject is seating for All Saints Waccamaw.

22 Q. What does it say about that?

A. Whereas the constitution of Episcopal Diocese, Article
VIII, Section 2, provides that every parish and mission,
quote, must state its willingness to conform with the

constitution of the general convention and the constitution 1 2 and canons of this diocese, close quote, and whereas All Saints Parish Waccamaw currently finds itself unwilling to 3 conform with Article VIII, Section 2, and -- and there's 4 5 several -- the final part of the resolution, all the 6 whereases now down to the resolved, to give them seat and 7 voice in convention. 8 All right, sir. Now, has this canon requiring the Ο. accession that you've testified about remained the same over 9 time in the journals and in the history you've considered? 10 11 Yes, sir. Α. 12 And if we look at Exhibit 422 from the 2008 Ο. convention --13 14 Α. Yes, sir. 15 2008? Ο. 16 Yes, sir. Α. 17 My question to you is, is the canon on the admission of Ο. parishes still in the constitution in 2008? We'll look at 18 Article Roman Numeral VIII. There it is. 19 20 Α. Yes, sir, Article VIII under of admitting parishes and missions into the convention. 21 Go ahead and read that. 22 Q. 23 Α. Parishes must have been organized, as provided by canon, 24 for not less than one year may apply for and be admitted into 25 union with the convention by vote of the convention provided

1 that the requirements hereinafter set forth have been met.

2 Q. All right. And go on down. And now we're looking at 3 subsection what?

4 A. I believe it's 2-E.

5 Q. 2-E, what does it say?

A. Its willingness to conform to the constitution and
canons of the general convention and the constitution and
canons of the diocese, of this diocese, which are or
thereafter may be enacted by the authority of the same.
Q. Was that the constitution of the Diocese of South
Carolina in 2008?

12 A. Yes, sir.

Q. Okay. Now I have a few questions to relate some more to the relationship of the diocese in the national church, and I'm asking us to look at 220. Exhibit 220, what journal is this?

17 A. 1804.

18 Q. What does it say concerning the issue of the mutual 19 relationship?

A. It says at a meeting of clerical and lay deputies -and, Your Honor, where it has abbreviations, do you want me
to say Protestant Episcopal Church, or do you want me --

23 THE COURT: Doesn't make a bit of difference. Doesn't 24 matter.

25 A. At a meeting of clerical and lay deputies of the

1 Protestant Episcopal Church --

THE COURT: That says delegates, doesn't it?
THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, delegates. They changed terms.
THE COURT: I understand.

A. At a meeting of clerical and lay delegates of the
Protestant Episcopal Churches of South Carolina in
convention, and then it goes down as to why they were
meeting, for the particular and express purposes, excuse me,
purpose of appointing a standing committee conformable to the
constitution of the Protestant Episcopal Churches of the
United States of America.

12 Q. Okay. Let's look a little later, 225, 1809 journal.13 A. Yes, sir. 1809 title page.

14 Q. Right. And is there anything in here related to the 15 requirements of the diocese vis-à-vis the national church 16 1809?

17 Okay. Yes, sir. The following resolutions were moved Α. 18 and passed without opposition, resolved, that no person 19 residing in this state as a candidate for deacons orders 20 shall be recommended as such to any bishop unless his 21 intention to apply, excuse me, unless his intention to apply 22 for holy orders had been made known to the standing committee 23 at least one year prior to the time at which he makes 24 application to them for testimonials, nor unless he has been 25 examined by a majority of the clerical members of the

1 standing committee agreeably to the requisitions of the tenth 2 canon of the general convention. All right, sir. Let's move to Exhibit 228, please. 3 Q. 1813 journal. 4 5 Yes, sir. Α. And is there anything in here regarding the requirement 6 Ο. 7 of parochial reports by each parish? 8 The following parochial reports required by the 45th Α. 9 canon of the general convention were presented by the clergy 10 and read. 11 Exhibit 234, 1819? Q. 12 Α. 1819 title page. And then do we see anything concerning the requirement? 13 Q. 14 The following parochial reports required by the 45th Α. 15 canon of the general convention were presented by the clergy 16 and read. 17 Now, Dr. Edgar, without going into any more detail on Q. 18 this matter, have the journals of the diocese that you've 19 examined generally dealt with the requirement of parochial 20 reports? 21 Parochial reports have been --Α. 22 Submitted? Q. 23 Α. Submitted. In one or two years, sir, they consolidated. 24 With one of those two exceptions, a parochial report for each parish was submitted. 25

Q. Pursuant to requirements of the general convention?
 A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. All right. 239, please, exhibit. Journal 1824, Dr. 4 Edgar?

5 A. Yes, sir, this is the 1824 title page.

And what requirement is in here with respect to the 6 Q. 7 relationship between the diocese and the general convention 8 and the requirements of the bishop -- for the bishop? 9 This concerns -- yes, the resolution is that every Α. 10 bishop in the Protestant Episcopal Church ought to be able to 11 visit and examine into the state of all the churches in its 12 diocese to inspect the conduct of the clergy, to ordain to the ministry, and to administer the holy rite of 13 14 confirmation, duties not only required by the canons of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, but in the 15 16 opinion of the convention, absolutely indispensable to the 17 well-being of every church in the diocese. 18 Was that resolution declined or passed? Q.

19 A. It passed, sir.

20 Q. Okay. And that was 1824, I believe.

21 Exhibit 255?

22 A. Title page 1840.

Q. 1840. And this again has to do with the application of the general convention as contained in the journal of the Diocese of South Carolina. What does this deal with?

1	A. The Reverend Dr. Gadsden in behalf of the standing
2	committee presented a statement of their official acts since
3	the last convention. Mr. Alsop, A-L-S-O-P, Woodward was
4	recommended to the bishop for deacons orders, and after the
5	diocese of our esteemed diocesan, Mr. John B. Campbell, was
6	recommended for deacons orders to the Right Reverend Benjamin
7	T. Onderdonk, bishop of New York, under the fourth section of
8	Canon 15 of 1832.
9	Q. Now, is that a canon of general convention or South
10	Carolina?
11	A. The general convention, sir.
12	Q. All right.
13	A. Title page 1855.
14	Q. Exhibit 270.
15	A. I'm sorry?
16	Q. Exhibit No. 270
17	A. Excuse me.
18	Q just for the record.
19	What does this concern along the matters we've been
20	discussing recently?
21	A. This is Canon 5, and it's the title of persons wishing
22	to be received as candidates for holy orders. Every person
23	who desires to become a candidate for orders in this diocese
24	shall make application in writing to the standing committee
25	stating his age and previous occupation. We will also be

expected to furnish the committee with the testimonials required by the seventh canon of the general convention of 1853 and give them evidence that he has informed the bishop of his intention according to the requisitions of the same canon.

6 Q. Now we move to Exhibit 331, 1917 journal.

7 A. Title page 1917.

8 Q. And what does this tell us about required compliance9 with general convention canons by the diocese?

10 Okay. The committee calls attention to the fact that Α. 11 the general convention of 1916 adopted a new canon numbered 12 Canon 50 in the digest entitled, quote, Of Business Methods in Church Affairs, close quote. This canon of necessity 13 14 supersedes and abrogates any and all diocesan canons relating 15 to the same subject whereby the date of our fiscal year 16 terminates April 30, see Canon 13, Section 6, does now terminate December 31, thereby bringing into conformity in 17 18 point of time all statistical data relating to the church 19 wherever the same exists.

20 We, and that's the committee, therefore recommend that 21 Canon 49 and Section 1 of Canon 50 be substituted in place of 22 our diocesan Canon 13, Sections 4, 5 and 6.

23 We further recommend the adoption of the following 24 resolution; viz, that the secretary of this council be 25 directed to send a copy of diocesan Canon 13 as amended and

also of Sections 1 and 2 of Canon 50 of the general canons to 1 2 the treasurer of each parish and mission in the diocese and 3 that their attention be called to the same that they may conform to the changes rendered necessary thereby. 4 5 Do those refer to compliance with the general convention Q. 6 canons? 7 Yes, sir. Α. 8 Exhibit 346. Ο. 9 MS. GOLDING: He didn't finish reading that. 10 MR. TISDALE: I'm sorry. 11 Can you go back to 331? Q. 12 MR. TISDALE: I'm sorry. I thought he had. He didn't finish reading it, apparently. I'm sorry. 13 14 And they recommended the adoption of the following canon Α. of the church pension fund, Section 1, in conformity with the 15 16 legislation adopted by the general convention setting forth 17 the principles upon which a pension system for the clergy of 18 the church and their dependents should be constructed 19 pursuant to which the corporation, the church pension fund --20 and those are italicized, ma'am -- has been created to carry 21 these principles into effect, the Diocese of South Carolina 22 adopts the system of the church pension fund. 23 Q. All right. Going now to 346. This is the journal from 1932. 24 Α.

25 Q. And how does it relate to the topic we've been talking

1	about, requirements of the general convention on the diocese?
2	A. An ecclesiastical court in marital relations shall be
3	established in this diocese to hear and adjudge all matters
4	that may be brought before it in accordance with the
5	provisions of Sections Roman Numeral V, Roman Numeral VI, and
6	Roman Numeral VII of canons of canon I think that's 43
7	of the general convention.
8	Q. Of the general convention, right?
9	A. Yes, sir.
10	Q. All right. Let's look at Exhibit 349.
11	A. This is 1935?
12	Q. Yes, sir. There we go.
13	A. This is the annual communication of the standing
14	committee of the Diocese of South Carolina.
15	Q. What do they say in 1935?
16	A. At its meeting held at diocesan headquarters,
17	Charleston, on April 4, 1935, the standing committee, sitting
18	as a council of advice with the bishop under the provisions
19	of Canon 40 of the general church adopted recommendations to
20	the bishop for the dissolution of the pastoral relationship
21	between the Reverend Conrad H. Goodwin and the parish of St.
22	Michael's Church, Charleston, South Carolina.
23	Q. Let's take a look at Exhibit 358, please.
24	A. Title page 1944.

25 Q. What occurred? What section of the journal is this in?

1 A. It's the standing committee report.

2 Q. Okay. Go ahead.

A. At its meeting held at diocesan headquarters on October
27, 1943 the committee conferred with Bishop Thomas, who gave
official notice of the acceptance by the house of bishops of
his resignation as bishop of the diocese effective December
31, 1943.

8 Q. Now, that was Bishop Albert S. Thomas?

9 A. I'm sorry?

10 Q. Albert Sidney Thomas?

11 A. Yes, sir.

12 Q. Let's turn, please, to Exhibit 372.

13 A. 1958?

14 Q. '58. What is this in 1958 affecting the adherence to 15 the general convention canons by the diocese?

16 This is the report of the standing committee, and before Α. 17 it gives its reports there is this: A number of questions 18 have been asked during the year regarding nature and purpose 19 of the standing committee. There have been a number of 20 requests to undertake outside of our province. What is the 21 standing committee, question mark, what is its function, 22 question mark, who are members of the committee, question 23 mark? Since there may be many others who would like to have 24 this information, we submit these preliminary statements as 25 an introduction to our annual report.

Q. And have you noted relevant portions of that report?
 A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. Read it, please.

Article 4 of the constitution of the Episcopal Church in 4 Α. the United States of America states, quote, in every diocese 5 6 a standing committee shall be appointed by the convention 7 thereof. When there is a bishop in charge of the diocese, the standing committee shall be his council of advice. If 8 9 there be no bishop or bishop coadjutor or suffragan bishop 10 canonically authorized to act, the standing committee shall 11 be the ecclesiastical authority of the diocese for all purposes declared by the general convention. The standing 12 13 committee gives or refuses to give consent for the election 14 and consecration of bishops, recommend postulates, and that I believe is an error, but for admission as candidates 15 16 recommends ordinations to the diaconate and priesthood. 17 Canon 11 of the national church states in every diocese the 18 standing committee shall elect from their own body a 19 president and a secretary.

20 Q. All right. Now moving on and getting not too far from 21 the end, I want to talk to you about what you've discovered 22 in the examination of your work, your study, about the issue 23 of some, but not all, of the financial aid to the diocese 24 from the national church?

25 MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, this is not a document. It's a

1 creation of the witness and it's filled with opinion and not 2 a record document that I know of. MR. TISDALE: It's going to be a document prepared by 3 him that he's going to use to testify by. 4 5 THE COURT: Okay. Well, then he can use it to testify 6 by it, but it wouldn't be an exhibit because that would be 7 cumulative. MR. TISDALE: That will be fine. 8 9 THE COURT: Okay. It's not an exhibit, but let's look at what's been 10 Q. 11 marked --12 THE COURT: That's for him, not for me. MR. TISDALE: That's correct. 13 14 THE COURT: So take it off the screen. MR. TISDALE: Get it off the screen. 15 16 Q. Do you have a copy of it? 17 No, sir, I do not. Α. 18 MR. TISDALE: Do we have a copy of it? THE WITNESS: I think there's a copy in my folder right 19 20 there. 21 MR. TISDALE: Can I hand him his folder, Your Honor? 22 THE COURT: Of course, absolutely, and his briefcase. 23 Q. I'm going to try to cut this short if I can. What is 24 the document that you now have that I handed to you, Dr. 25 Edgar?

A. It is a document entitled "Financial Assistance to the
 Diocese of South Carolina 1866 to 1991."

3 Q. Now, what is the sum of what this document was prepared 4 for by you?

5 A. This was prepared for me after looking at diocesan 6 documents and documents from the national archives at the 7 Episcopal Church in Austin, Texas concerning financial 8 assistance to the Diocese of South Carolina.

9 Q. From by who?

10 A. From the national church or agencies of the national 11 church to the Diocese of South Carolina and or individual 12 parishes.

Q. All right. Now, what I would like to ask you to do, if possible, instead of reading the entire document, can you go through the document as you sit there and give us the highlights of what you found was financial aid from the national church or an agency of it to the diocese and its parishes?

MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, I'm going to make an objection. Number one, it's not in evidence, the document, and his testifying on that question is improper. He's got to lay a foundation as to when he says agencies of the church, for instance, you know. There's no foundation as to that. Q. What do you mean when you refer to an agency of the church? A. It could be the Freedmen's Aid Commission, the American
 Church Missionary Society, the Episcopal Church Building
 Fund.

Q. Are they all organizations controlled and used by the
national church to distribute aid to dioceses and parishes?
A. Yes, sir, along with the Presiding Bishops Emergency
Relief Fund, which is very important in this diocese.

8 MR. TISDALE: Submit, Your Honor, he's using this to 9 refresh his memory of his work.

10 THE COURT: First of all, let me be clear. I don't have 11 a problem with him having his own document that he created to 12 help him testify. There's nothing inappropriate about that 13 at all.

14 MR. TISDALE: Yes.

15 THE COURT: Obviously to put it on the screen is a 16 problem because it's testimony.

Secondly, the expertise is an expertise with regards to history.

19 MR. TISDALE: Yes.

20 THE COURT: Not with regards to governance, not with 21 regards to corporate structure.

22 MR. TISDALE: Right.

THE COURT: So I have concern regarding the testimony as it relates to the financial matters. Now, you can clear that up. I mean, the journal may say that -- and he's read the

1	journal that says that the National Episcopal Church loaned
2	\$500 to St. Philip's in Charleston to help pay the legal
3	bills of one, and that would certainly be helpful to me, but
4	I want to be clear, because there isn't any foundation
5	laid I'm not saying it couldn't be because it very well
6	may be where Dr. Edgar has got the sufficient background and
7	information to talk about the financial structure,
8	particularly the corporate relationships between the
9	different entities, because that's pretty important and I
10	want to know who they are.
11	MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, I think we can resolve this.
12	THE COURT: Sure.
13	Q. Just lay your work aside for a minute, and I'm going to
14	ask that we turn to Exhibit 281, which is the 18
15	MS. KOSTEL: No.
16	MR. TISDALE: No. Wrong one.
17	MS. KOSTEL: 504.
18	MR. TISDALE: Wrong one. I have 281 here as the 1867
19	journal.
20	MS. KOSTEL: We can do that first, but I think we need
21	to okay.
22	(Attorneys confer.)
23	Q. Dr. Edgar, I'm going to ask you a question about the
24	scope of your research regarding financial aid to the
25	diocese.

1 I first ask you to look at what's been marked as Exhibit 504. What is this? 2 3 The extract of the annual report for the board of Α. missions, 1866 to 1919. 4 Is this a document that you reviewed and researched as 5 Q. you did the journal of the diocese? 6 7 Yes, sir, I did. Α. O. And look at 505. What is this? 8 9 Extracts from the annual reports of the national Α. 10 council, 1920 to 1938. 11 Is this a document you reviewed and researched as you Ο. 12 did the journals of the diocese? 13 Yes, sir. Α. Q. Exhibit 506, what is this? 14 A. Extracts from the minutes of the national council, 1911 15 16 to 1965. 17 Is that National Council of the Episcopal Church? Q. 18 Yes, sir. Α. 19 Did you research, study that document? Q. 20 Α. Yes, sir, I did. 21 Q. Exhibit 507? Extracts from the audit reports of the American Church 22 Α. 23 Institute for Negroes. 24 Q. Is that an institute of the Episcopal Church? 25 A. Yes, sir.

1 Q. The national church?

2 A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. Did you research and study that, the information in 4 that?

5 A. Yes, sir.

6 Q. 508, please.

7 A. Extracts from the minutes of the American Church8 Missionary Society, 1867 to 1899.

9 Q. Is that American Church Missionary Society, based on 10 your research and study, a branch or unit of the national 11 church?

12 A. Yes, sir. This record, like all of these others, are in13 the national archives.

14 Q. National archives?

15 A. Of the Episcopal Church, of the national church.

16 Q. 509 Exhibit, what's this Dr. Edgar?

17 A. Loans from the Episcopal Church Building Fund, 1880 to18 1991.

19 Q. Is the Episcopal Church Building Fund a part of the 20 national church?

21 A. Yes, sir.

Q. And did you study and research the contents of this document?

24 A. Yes, sir, I did.

25 Q. Exhibit 510, please. What is the United Thank Offering.

The United Thank Offering, 1971 to 2012. 1 Α. What's the United Thank Offering? 2 Q. United Thank Offerings are taken up generally from the 3 Α. women of the church, of the national church. 4 5 Did you study it? Q. Yes. The United Thank Offering is something that's done 6 Α. 7 nationwide through the Episcopal Church --All right. 8 Q. 9 -- the national church. Α. And did you study, research the contents of this 10 Q. 11 document? Yes, sir. 12 Α. 511, what is this document, Dr. Edgar? 13 Q. 14 A. Miscellaneous, 1866 to 1919. Yes, sir. What is it? 15 Q. 16 That's the domestic committee of the board of missions Α. 17 of the national church. Is that a part of the national church? 18 Ο. 19 Yes, sir. Α. 20 Q. Now let's turn to Exhibit 281. 21 This is the journal for the South Carolina Convention in Α. 22 1867. 23 Q. Is this a journal that you studied? 24 Α. Yes, sir. 25 Q. And does it have an excerpt that's related to financial

1 aid?

A. Yes, sir. This is from the report of the Diocesan
Theological Seminary. There was an Episcopal seminary in
South Carolina.

5 The salaries of the professors have been paid up to the 6 present time, but this has been accomplished only through the 7 generous aid afforded in response to the appeal of the board 8 and other dioceses through their earnest and indefatigable 9 agent, the Reverend A. T. Porter, to whom the other members 10 of the board return their thanks for his untiring efforts in 11 behalf of the seminary, which, at great sacrifice to himself 12 and his parish, he solicited the north at our request, but for the measure of success which through God's blessing 13 14 crowned his labor, the seminary would not be in existence at 15 all.

16 Q. Now, Dr. Edgar, I have shown you a series of documents 17 that you've studied from the various church agencies.

18 A. Yes, sir.

19 Q. And I would like to, using the report that you have 20 before you that we talked about earlier -- is that your notes 21 and report based upon your study of the documents we've 22 identified that you've said you've studied the contents of?

23 A. Yes, sir.

24 Q. All right. Can you go through it?

25 MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, that's improper. Mr. Tisdale

can ask him a question. He can refer to the document to
 refresh his memory, but he cannot publish the document.
 THE COURT: I didn't take that that's where we were
 going.

5 MR. TISDALE: No. I'm going to ask him can he tell us 6 what aid the Episcopal Church, the national church or any of 7 its units, have provided to the Diocese of South Carolina 8 based upon his study of this subject as he's testified.

9 MS. GOLDING: A different question.

10 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.

11 Q. Can you do that, Dr. Edgar?

12 A. Would you like a specific example that I can document to 13 give a footnote to prove that what I'm saying is not just 14 something off the top of my head?

15 Q. Why not?

16 Okay. In 1866 18 clergy in the Diocese of South Α. 17 Carolina received stipends from the domestic committee, and I 18 cite not only the minutes of the domestic committee of May 19 the 7th, 1866, I referred to the diocesan journal 1866, Pages 20 5 through 7, because that put where the individuals were, 21 which parish or church was theirs, and all throughout Bishop 22 Thomas' history he mentioned this aid from the national 23 church. Of specific reference, the congregation of St. 24 Helena's, as it was called then, and I quote from the most 25 recent history of the parish of St. Helena by Ms. Payne, Ms.

1 Barbara Payne --

2 MR. RUNYAN: I believe the document speaks for itself.3 He's quoting from a document.

4 MR. TISDALE: Just tell us what it says without reading 5 it.

6 THE WITNESS: It said that Mr. Walker had been put on 7 the list of missionaries from the board, domestic board of 8 missions, and that enabled him to resume his ministry at St. 9 Helena.

10 Q. What year was that?

A. That was 1866. Actually he, if you look at the domestic minutes of May 7th, 1866; February 3rd, 1868; January 7th, 1869; January 3rd, 1870, those are the minutes of the domestic committee. Also look at the minutes of the American Church Missionary Society, December 9, 1867, and Mr. Walker's name is listed in all of those cases.

17 Q. As receiving aid?

18 A. Same name, yes, sir.

19 Q. Dr. Edgar, by referring to your notes, have you prepared 20 a chart to help you refresh your memory as to what you 21 gleaned from your study of the documents and the 22 organizations we talked about?

MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, I believe that if a document is used to refresh memory, the witness has to say in response to a specific question that he needs to refer to a document

1 or he needs to say that he doesn't recall, can he refer. I 2 don't believe it's proper that a lawyer tells a witness to go to a document, as Mr. Tisdale's trying to phrase the 3 questions. 4 Dr. Edgar, by whatever resources --5 Q. 6 THE COURT: Sustained. 7 -- you have, can you give us an overview of the aid Q. received by the Diocese of South Carolina --8 9 Yes, sir. What I would like to --Α. 10 -- from the national church and its bodies? Q. 11 Yes, sir. Α. 12 THE WITNESS: And, Your Honor, what I'd like to do is there are different forms of aid and I'd like to break those 13 14 up into categories. 15 THE COURT: Sure, that's appropriate. 16 THE WITNESS: We have already talked about the aid to 17 specific clergy from the domestic committee and the American 18 Church Missionary Society. Aid was then furnished between 19 1911 and 1961 by the national council, and this was for 20 missionary work, and it was broken down into support for 21 white work and colored work to dioceses around the country. 22 And one of the source of the moneys for this national 23 council work came from the United Thank Offering. In Bishop Thomas' 1930 address to the convention of South Carolina he 24

25 noted it is striking -- may I quote from the convention?

1 THE COURT: Sure.

THE WITNESS: He said it is a striking fact that the increase in the membership of our colored churches in the past five years has been 50 percent more rapid than among the white, and he's referring to the aid given by the national council.

7 In 1928 Bishop Thomas reported, and again I quote, 8 storms, poor crops and dozens of bank failures have created 9 in some respects a difficult situation; however, we may say 10 that the church's activities have gone forward normally and 11 the work in the diocese helped by the national council has 12 suffered no setback.

13 Q. Go ahead, sir.

14 In 1929 Bishop Thomas in his report to the convention, Α. and I quote, for a long time there has been a feeling in this 15 16 diocese that there should be no appropriation for the national council for our white work. Provision has now been 17 18 made from diocesan funds to supply the needs which have heretofore been made by this appropriation, and formal notice 19 20 has been forwarded on authority of the executive council 21 releasing the national council from this appropriation, but I 22 will note that in 19 -- through 1933 there were some small 23 appropriations.

24 Q. From the national council?

25 A. From the national council, and the annual reports of the

national council for 1930, Page 175; 1931, Page 73; 1932, 1 2 Page 67; 1933, Page 65; 1934, Page 64. And then from 1947 to 3 1949 the Diocese of South Carolina received national support from the national council for white work, as it was called, 4 5 and that's in quotes, white work, in the Navy yard, North Charleston area, and that reference is minutes of the 6 7 national council, February 11 through 13, 1947; February 17 8 through 19, 1948; February 8 through 10, 1949; April 25 9 through 27, 1950, and it's also referred to in Bishop Thomas 10 and his History of the Episcopal Church, Page 266. 11 Anything else on aid up until recently from the Ο.

12 Episcopal Church, the national church, to the diocese? How 13 about 1989 when Hugo hit?

14 A. Oh, actually there are two disaster reliefs I'd like to15 refer to, sir.

16 Q. Please.

17 The first is after the aftermath of the great earthquake Α. 18 of 1886, disastrous earthquake in Charleston, Bishop Howe reported that he had received, the diocese had received, 19 20 \$40,588.07 from 48 dioceses and 12 missionary districts in 21 the Episcopal Church in the United States and from England 22 and Japan, and he noted that except for one-tenths of the 23 fund going to personal relief, the remainder went to repair churches and institutions. 24

25 Q. Of the diocese?

1 A. Of the diocese.

2	And the churches which received these funds, and it
3	references the diocesan journal 1894, Page 54, were St.
4	Michael's, St. Philip's, St. Paul's, St. Luke's, Grace, Holy
5	Communion, Calvary and St. Mark's; Christ Church,
6	Shepherdsboro; St. John's Chapel, Hampstead; Christ Church
7	Parish, Mount Pleasant; St. Paul's Summerville; and
8	Strawberry Chapel. The Laurens Street Church Home, St.
9	Philip's Church Home and the House of Rest also received
10	funds.
11	THE COURT: Why don't we stop right there because I want
12	to be sure that I heard correctly. The beginning of that
13	passage, read that to me again, please.
14	THE WITNESS: In the aftermath?
15	THE COURT: Yes.
16	THE WITNESS: In the aftermath of the great earthquake
17	of August 31st, Bishop Howe reported that he had received
18	\$40,588.07 from 48 dioceses and 12 missionary districts in
19	the Episcopal Church.
20	There's a reason as to how that happened.
21	MR. PHILLIPS: Your Honor, based on that testimony, I
22	was going to raise the objection it's not relevant.
23	THE COURT: I concur. It's from other dioceses. It's
24	not from the national church.
25	

THE WITNESS: In response to an appeal from the house of 1 2 bishops.

3	THE COURT: Okay. Then for what it's worth.
4	MR. TISDALE: Thank you, Your Honor
5	THE WITNESS: Bishop Howe.
6	MR. TISDALE: for clearing that up.
7	THE WITNESS: Bishop Howe said and the reference is
8	diocesan journal, 1894, Page 33 I put forth no circulars
9	and sent out no advocates but confine myself to a simple
10	statement of the disaster which had befallen us between the
11	Associated Press and some of the principal churches. The
12	house of bishops and a pastoral kindly seconded my statement.
13	What I have received has come mainly from church offerings.
14	Q. Is that the house of bishops of the general convention?
15	A. Yes, sir.
16	Q. Now moving forward, you said there were two. Was the
17	other one Hugo?
18	A. Hurricane Hugo.
19	Q. 1989?
20	A. 1989.
21	Q. What happened then, if you know?
22	A. The Presiding Bishops Fund for World Relief sent the
23	Diocese of South Carolina \$100,000.
24	Q. All right, sir. Dr. Edgar
25	THE WITNESS: Excuse me. Would you like a specific

1 reference for that, Your Honor?

2 Q. Go ahead and do it.

3 A. The reference is a letter from the Right Reverend Furman
4 C. S-T-O-U-G-H --

5 Q. Stough.

A. -- to the Right Reverend Edward L. Salmon, November 8,
1990, the topic, and those records are in the Presiding
Bishop's Fund For World Relief.

9 Q. Thank you. Dr. Edgar, has there been any recent -- and 10 I'm going to ask you to refer to Exhibit 510 -- aid from the 11 United Thank Offering, which you said was a part of the 12 national church, to this diocese?

A. Yes, sir. On January, 3rd, 2012, the Right Reverend
Mark J. Lawrence sent a letter to the United Thank Offering
grant submissions. He submitted a grant, and the address is
815 Second Avenue, New York, New York. Dear UTO grant
coordinator: I write in support for St. John's Episcopal
Church, a mission of the Episcopal Diocese of South Carolina,
in its application for a UTO grant.

20 Q. Was one granted?

21 A. Yes, it was.

22 Q. How much?

23 A. \$15,000.

Q. Okay. And is that in the letter we see as part of this on June 27, 2012?

A. Yes, sir, grant number and the amount, Dear Bishop
 Lawrence.

Q. Anything else about financial aid to the diocese that
you think significant that came out in your study?
A. No, sir.
Q. All right. Let's turn now and talk about briefly the

7 pension fund, church pension fund, Exhibit 371. Is this a 8 journal of the diocese of 1957?

9 A. Yes, sir.

10 Q. What can you tell us about what the church pension fund 11 contributed to the clergy in the --

12 A. There was a report of --

MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, I'm going to make an objection. We've already established the church pension fund is a completely separate entity. Certainly there is a managing board with members from the national church, but it is a Delaware corporation. It is a completely separate legal entity from the defendant national church.

MR. TISDALE: It's part of the national church as are other units we've talked about I believe. It just happens to have its own structure.

MS. KOSTEL: I think we established through a witness, Your Honor, that the trustees of that entity are elected by the general convention, which means the general convention controls who's on the board.

MS. GOLDING: It's still a completely separate legal
 entity.

3 MR. TISDALE: Of course it's separate. It's a pension 4 fund.

THE COURT: Here's my concern: My concern is that --5 and correct me if I'm wrong, but based on everything that I 6 7 have heard, the pension fund is no freebie for the diocese or 8 for the parishes. There's money that's paid in for the 9 clergy. In other words, it's contributed to, it exists, it's 10 a corporation, but it isn't charter, it isn't a gift. It is 11 a pension fund just like many other pension funds. Am I 12 incorrect about that?

MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, it's sponsored by the church for the benefit of the clergy of the church.

15 THE COURT: Right.

16 MR. TISDALE: And of course they contribute to it.17 THE COURT: Okay.

18 MR. TISDALE: But that's not all that is paid out.
19 THE COURT: Well, it depends, doesn't it? Doesn't it
20 depend on the market and the investments?

21 MR. TISDALE: Pensions are set.

THE COURT: Kind of like mine, you know, if I ever get there, but by the same token sort, if you use actuarial tables -- I guess this is my concern, particularly with -and I hear the testimony, but it isn't like -- I guess my concern is that they kind of pay for it, you know.
 MR. TISDALE: They do contribute to it.
 MS. KOSTEL: Not to the management of it.
 MR. TISDALE: But not to the management of it.
 MS. KOSTEL: Which is what you pay for when you invest
 in an ordinary pension fund.

7 THE COURT: Sure, they did. Sure, they did.

8 MR. TISDALE: It's operated by the general convention of 9 the Episcopal Church.

10 THE COURT: Of course. Here's the problem with having 11 Dr. Edgar testify to that, because here's what's going to 12 happen to Dr. Edgar: "Dr. Edgar, you looked at the balance sheet like for 1990 for the pension fund." What concerns me 13 14 is he's going to say, "What? I'm an historian." And they ought to be able to ask him how much of the amounts that were 15 16 contributed and invested by these different parishes went 17 towards the salaries and the incomes and the benefits for the 18 management of the pension fund. I think it's unfair to ask 19 him that, and it's going to give me incomplete information, 20 and I'm going to resist.

21 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, I don't think he can provide 22 that information. What I intended to ask him in four 23 instances is how much the clergy of this Diocese of South 24 Carolina in four years, in each of those years, received in 25 benefits in total. 1 THE COURT: But it's not of any help to me. Let me tell 2 you why, because here's what I know -- I don't know -- I don't know who made the money, because I don't know that 3 given the actuarial tables, given the amounts of money 4 5 obviously invested within the pension fund -- you know, South 6 Carolina might have been a good deal because maybe some of 7 the clergy folk before they hit the pension, maybe they died 8 or they didn't vest. To me that's such an unfair question to 9 ask him.

10 MR. TISDALE: All right. Your Honor, we don't have 11 information beyond the amount of benefits, so what I would 12 like to do is just, if you will allow me, just simply read in 13 these exhibit numbers that relate to this for the record.

14 THE COURT: Okay. That will be fine, but I've got to 15 tell you, in terms -- and let me be as clear as I know how to 16 be. When you're looking -- when the Court is looking at what 17 is fair and what is just, as we were talking about earlier in 18 these matters, it's kind of hard to take what's a business 19 deal that I know is a business deal and to tell me it's 20 something other than a business deal, and that's what a 21 pension -- that would be where I have to put the pension. 22 Some years it's a good deal. Some years it's not such a good 23 deal depending what happens with the market, depending how 24 wise the investors are, and depending on a myriad of things, 25 but if you want to offer that so that a number is in the

record, go right ahead, but I can tell you that --1 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, I can cut it short this way: 2 If you'll allow me to identify the four exhibits and simply 3 to say what his testimony would be in one sentence for each 4 5 year, or I can ask him, whichever you prefer. THE COURT: I understand. Here's what I'm going to do. 6 7 If you want to proffer that, I want you to proffer it. MR. TISDALE: It's going to be real quick. 8 9 THE COURT: But it would be inadmissible because it's not what it purports to be. Those are not gifts to the 10 11 diocese. 12 MR. TISDALE: Your Honor, we'll proffer it quickly. THE COURT: Go right ahead. 13 14 MR. TISDALE: Thank you. 15 Exhibit 371. 16 Dr. Edgar, what is this journal the year for? Q. 17 1957. Α. Does it indicate the amount of pension funds delivered 18 Q. 19 to the clergy of South Carolina in the previous year? 20 Α. \$24,659.40. 21 Now let's look at Exhibit 401. Reported that year how Ο. 22 much? 23 Α. 1987. 24 Q. How much to clergy of the diocese from the pension fund? 25 It's broken down by categories, but the grand total is Α.

1 \$246,165.80.

2 Q. Let's look at Exhibit 408. This is 1994?

A. Yes, sir. Same question: Does that exhibit indicate
the amount of pension funds that were delivered to the parish
of this diocese by the church pension fund, if we can find it
on the exhibit.

MS. KOSTEL: Sorry. I've written down an incorrect page
number. Let's just move on. Move on.

9 Q. Let's then go to Exhibit 416.

10 A. 2002.

Q. 2002. Does it indicate the amount of pension funds in total delivered by the church pension fund to the clergy of the Diocese of South Carolina.

14 A. It does not. It goes by category. It does not deliver15 a total.

Q. Can you give us the categories and the amounts?
A. Yes, sir. For clergy retired by age, \$519,831.60; to
surviving spouses, \$142,156.80; early retirement or
disability, \$347,103.60; 30-year retirement or disability,
\$129,793.20.

21 Q. The amount is not totaled?

22 A. No, sir, there's no total listed.

Q. All right. Okay. Dr. Edgar, I appreciate the time you've given us, and I would like you to answer any questions that opposing counsel have of you.

1 MR. TISDALE: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: Thank you so much.

3 National church, any questions?

4 MR. BEERS: No, Your Honor.

5 MS. KOSTEL: No. Thank you.

6 THE COURT: All right. From the plaintiffs?

7 MS. GOLDING: Thank you, Your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Yes.

9 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GOLDING:

10 Q. Mr. Edgar, if I understand it correctly, you were

11 retained in early, what, January 2013 by Mr. Tisdale?

12 A. I was, yes, sir -- yes, ma'am. Excuse me.

13 Q. And you were retained to search church history; is that 14 correct?

15 A. To search the records of the church, yes.

16 Q. Okay. And since that time, since early 2013, to the 17 present you've been in frequent contact with Mr. Tisdale and 18 Ms. Kostel; is that correct?

19 A. I have been in contact, not necessarily, but I've been20 in contact, yes, ma'am.

Q. And you've also had occasional contact with Mr. Beers;
is that correct?

A. Ma'am, I am hard of hearing. When you turn away, Ican't hear you.

25 Q. I apologize.

1		You've had occasional contact over the last year and a
2	half	with Mr. Beers as well?
3	Α.	Yes, ma'am.
4	Q.	And you were retained I guess in I think you told me
5	in th	ne calendar year 2013 you received about \$27,000 for your
6	resea	arch work?
7	Α.	Yes, ma'am.
8	Q.	And in this year, 2014, before, of course, your
9	test	imony today, you've received about \$17,000?
10	Α.	Actually I have only received half of that, but I billed
11	for S	\$17,000.
12	Q.	I gotcha. Okay.
13		And, now, as I understand with respect to your
14	expe	rtise, you are not a sociologist or a psychologist; is
15	that	correct?
16	Α.	That is correct.
17	Q.	You are not an accountant, you are not a bookkeeper; is
18	that	correct?
19	Α.	That is correct.
20	Q.	And generally you are not a religious historian; is that
21	corre	ect?
22	Α.	Not as a specified subcategory, but in the history of
23	South	n Carolina and in American history, religion is part of
24	the g	general culture.
25	Q.	Right, but you don't hold yourself out to this Court and

1 say I'm a religious historian, do you?

2 A. No, ma'am.

3 Q. Let's go right to the finances that you were just4 talking about a few minutes ago.

5 You did not put together or make an effort to summarize 6 the contributions made by St. Philip's to the plaintiff 7 diocese, did you?

8 A. It was not in the report.

9 Q. But did you make any effort to gain information as to 10 the contributions made by St. Philip's to the plaintiff 11 diocese?

12 A. No, ma'am.

Q. Did you make any effort to obtain any information about any of the contributions made by these 36 parishes to the plaintiff diocese in this lawsuit?

16 A. No, ma'am.

Q. Wouldn't you agree that contributions by third parties such as the 36 plaintiffs to the plaintiff diocese is a significant factor that should be taken into consideration?

MS. KOSTEL: Objection, Your Honor. This witness did not purport to weigh intake or output. He just testified as to what came from the national church, and so what Ms. Golding is asking him to talk about is not just beyond the scope of direct; it has nothing to do with what he testified about. 1 THE COURT: In other words, the objection -- let me just 2 be clear. The objection is that the testimony wasn't offered 3 by this witness for the purpose of showing to the Court 4 moneys that had been -- let me not say moneys -- value that 5 had been given to the diocese for this reason.

6

MS. KOSTEL: From the parishes.

7 THE COURT: To the parishes, to the diocese; in other words -- see, that's a little bit -- that's what I was 8 9 getting at with regards to the pension fund, is that that 10 testimony looks as though it is being offered for the purpose 11 of saying, you know, there's a whole lot of money that the national church has given to this diocese and given these 12 13 parishes, a lot of money, and, Judge, in order for you to be 14 just, you've got to take that into consideration, how much 15 money has been given. And I thought that was the reason that 16 that question was asked, was for the purpose of depicting 17 that, so if, in fact, that's the reason that information was 18 offered, well then this is absolutely fair.

19 MS. KOSTEL: Okay.

THE COURT: Because, I mean, if I'm giving you a million dollars and you give me \$25,000, you're doing a lot better than I am, and so I got one part of the story, but what I don't have is the other part. I have nothing to assess if that was a good thing or not. So if that's what it was offered for, then this is absolutely fair cross-examination. 1 If it was just offered as, I don't know, sort of irrelevant 2 information --

3 MS. KOSTEL: It's fair, I think, if Ms. Golding has a foundation for insinuating that money came the other way. 4 5 THE COURT: I understand. I think you've got it. 6 MS. GOLDING: Thank you, Your Honor. 7 So, Mr. Edgar, if I'm understanding what you're telling Q. me, is that you weren't instructed to go out and research and 8 9 to determine the contributions made by any one of these 10 plaintiff parishes to the plaintiff diocese, were you? 11 Α. No. No, you were not, or is it no to my question? 12 Q. Would you repeat the question, please, ma'am? 13 Α. 14 Thank you. Q. 15 If I understand what your testimony and your role in 16 this case is, you were not instructed by any of the 17 defendant's counsel or anyone on behalf of the defendant to 18 determine the contributions or value made by any one of these 19 plaintiff parishes to the plaintiff diocese? 20 Α. Strictly with regard to the pension fund? 21 No, sir, with regard to any contributions made by a Q. 22 plaintiff parish to the plaintiff diocese. 23 Α. The plaintiff parish, okay. The annual financial 24 contributions to the diocese, I did look at that, yes. 25 And so tell me, how much did St. Philip's contribute to Q.

- 1 the diocese in the year 1907?
- 2 A. I have no idea.
- 3 Q. Okay. Any year?
- 4 A. I did not take down that information.
- 5 Q. Did you obtain that information for any plaintiff parish6 for any year?
- 7 A. No, ma'am.
- 8 Q. Well, you just said that you did see that there were
- 9 numbers, dollars, given by plaintiff parishes to the
- 10 plaintiff diocese; is that correct?
- 11 A. That's part of parochial reports, yes, ma'am.
- 12 Q. And it would be fair to state that those numbers that
- 13 you saw were substantially more than the numbers that you saw
- 14 from the national church; wouldn't that be correct?
- 15 A. In what year, ma'am?
- 16 Q. In any year.
- 17 A. It depends upon the year.
- 18 Q. Okay.

19 A. If you're referring to the 1860s, the payment of clergy, 20 up to a third or a half of the clergy salaries in 1866, '67 21 were paid for by the national church.

Q. So we've got 1866 and 1867. You say that the national church paid?

A. They paid stipends to clergy, and I mentioned thosereferences.

1 Would you agree that in 1866 and 1867 there were Ο. 2 expenses of the plaintiff diocese that were in addition to salaries to clergy? 3 Explain, ma'am. I don't understand your question. 4 Α. Well, do you think the plaintiff diocese had employees 5 Q. 6 that it had to pay that were not clergy? 7 Not very many. Α. 8 Okay. But do you recall any contribution by the Ο. 9 national church to pay for the plaintiff diocese's employees? 10 Actually, ma'am, for school teachers and Mr. Toomer, Mr. Α. Porter's school, absolutely. They paid for school teachers 11 12 and --I didn't mean to interrupt you. I'm sorry. 13 Q. 14 That's okay. Α. 15 Let's go pull out those journals then for 1866 and 1867. Ο. 16 Do you have those? 17 MS. GOLDING: We didn't get any hard copies of their 18 exhibits, Your Honor, so that's why Ms. Kostel had it on --19 THE COURT: Right. 20 MS. GOLDING: So can I get them? 21 THE COURT: What do you want? 22 MS. GOLDING: 1866 and 1867, the journals. MS. KOSTEL: Of the diocese? 23 24 MS. GOLDING: Yes, which you --25 MS. KOSTEL: Yes.

1 MS. GOLDING: Thank you.

2 MS. KOSTEL: What page?

3 MS. GOLDING: I don't have any idea. You have as an 4 exhibit some references to the 1866 and 1867 journals that 5 this gentleman is talking about.

6 MS. KOSTEL: But the diocese has the journals, all of 7 them, Your Honor, because you have all the documents. So you 8 want the whole journals?

9 MS. GOLDING: Yes. And if we could go to the finance 10 sections.

11 MS. KOSTEL: Is that it?

12 Q. It appears that this is page -- I'm sorry -- 33. Do you 13 have that in front of you, Mr. Edgar?

14 A. Yes, ma'am, but I can't read it.

15 Q. On page 33 you see a list of contributions from all the 16 parishes; is that correct?

17 A. Yes, ma'am. Ma'am, I'm having a very hard time reading18 this.

19 MS. KOSTEL: Let me blow it up.

20 THE WITNESS: Okay.

Q. So those contributions from all of these parishes, you will agree that those contributions far outweigh -- are significantly more than any contribution by the national

24 church, would you not?

25 A. I would have to see the total before I could answer that

1	ques	tion.
2	Q.	Okay. Let's see if we can scroll down.
3	A.	No, ma'am.
4	Q.	Or go to the next page. Now we have to bend or head
5	side	ways?
6		MR. KOSTEL: Yes. I'm sorry.
7	A.	The total there is \$1,402.53.
8	Q.	Let's go to the next page. And these look like
9	addi	tional contributions.
10	A.	\$120.
11	Q.	Okay. And so let's go to the next page.
12		MS. KOSTEL: I think that's it.
13	Q.	Okay. Do you recall the amount of money that the
14	nati	onal church gave in 1866?
15	Α.	Yes, ma'am; more than \$6,000.
16	Q.	Okay. And where did you get that?
17	Α.	From the records of the national of the American
18	Chur	ch Missionary Fund. It's also referenced in the good
19	Reve	rend Porter's autobiography. He mentions the sum. It's
20	also	
21	Q.	Let's go find your copy then. You've got your file
22	here	. Let's go get that, the \$6,000 in 1866.
23	Α.	Okay.
24	Q.	Thank you.
25	Α.	That is going to be the minutes of the domestic

1	committee, 1866, and we're going to need to also I'd also
2	like to look at the specific sum, 6,000, is also mentioned
3	in Mr. Porter's autobiography, but I don't have a copy of
4	that. It's also mentioned in Bishop Thomas' history of the
5	church. I did not bring a copy of that.
6	Q. Well, you looked at the national church's records.
7	That's what I'm interested in.
8	A. Yes, ma'am.
9	Q. That's what I need.
10	A. Yes, ma'am.
11	Q. You can go get it, if Your Honor would permit.
12	THE COURT: Absolutely.
13	MS. KOSTEL: What is it you're asking him to get?
14	MR. TISDALE: The records of the national church.
15	THE COURT: We'll take a break while we try to regroup
16	and find your document. We'll take 15 minutes. Thank you.
17	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
18	(Recess held.)
19	THE COURT: All right, folks. Let's see if we can come
20	back to order, please. Thank you so much everyone.
21	And, oh, good, you got the document. You got the
22	report?
23	MS. GOLDING: I have not gotten it. Have you found the
24	report?
25	THE COURT: He did and we printed it.

1 MS. GOLDING: Is this it? Okay. Here you go. 2 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. Now, the document that you have I have as Page 12. Is 3 Q. that correct? 4 5 Yes, ma'am. Α. 6 And this appears to be your summary that you put Ο. 7 together? Yes, ma'am. 8 Α. 9 Okay. And in your summary, from my review of it, it Q. 10 appears that with respect to the seminary, the school, the 11 center -- and I believe that was located in Columbia; is that 12 correct? No, ma'am, it was located in Spartanburg. That's where 13 Α. 14 Converse is now. Very good. And at that point in 1886 the national 15 Ο. 16 church paid \$6,000 to some of the teachers at the seminary? Yes, ma'am. 17 Α. 18 Okay. So that's the \$6,000 you're referring to? Q. 19 No, ma'am, it is not. Α. 20 Q. Okay. 21 If you'll go to Page 15, May the 7th, and this was a Α. 22 quotation from the meeting of the domestic committee. 23 Q. Do you have a copy of the minutes? 24 Α. They're online. I don't have my copy. I don't have a 25 copy with me.

1 Q. Okay.

2 MS. GOLDING: Do you mind if I approach? May I approach 3 the witness so he can show me?

4 THE COURT: You may.

5 Q. Okay. I don't see any quotes.

6 A. Right here, ma'am (indicating).

7 Q. I'm just blind. I apologize. Very good.

South Carolina, very interesting letters from Bishop 8 Α. 9 Davis containing nominations were read. The Reverend A. 10 Toomer Porter, agent of Bishop Davis, came before the 11 committee at their request and made very interesting 12 statements in relation to the condition, and I couldn't read that word. It's all in -- I thought it was accounts of the 13 14 diocese. ACCTS is an older abbreviation for the term "account." 15

Ordered that \$6,000 be appropriated to the Diocese of South Carolina and that the nominations of Bishop Davis be confirmed, the stipend named by him to date from April the lst, 1866 and for the present to be paid quarterly in advance.

There were 18 clergy who received -- this is out of the quote now. This is from the record. There were 18 clergy who received stipends from the domestic committee. W. O. Prentiss -- and I have in brackets where he was from. I got his particular church from the diocesan journal -- received

1 \$600, Jay Maxwell Pringle of Christ Church, Columbia, \$600; 2 John D. McCullough, who served Advent, Spartanburg and Nativity, Unionville, \$400; William Johnson, Edisto Island, 3 \$400; J. R. Walker, D.D., St. Helena, Beaufort, \$350; Edward 4 5 T. Walker, officially listed in the diocesan journals as 6 being from St. Helena but was officiating at Trinity, 7 Edgefield, 250; Andrew H. Cornish, St. Paul's, Pendleton, 8 250; Le Grand F. Guerry, who was rector of Zion, Richland 9 County, but the missionary funding was for Holy Comforter, 10 Sumter; and St. Philip's, Bradford Springs, \$300.

Q. Unless you want to, it's not necessary that you read.
 MR. TISDALE: Please let him finish.

13 THE WITNESS: Le Grand F. Guerry, who was rector of 14 Zion, Richland County, but the missionary funding was for 15 Holy Comforter, Sumter, and St. Philip's Bradford Springs, 16 \$300; Robert P. Johnson, rector St. Stephen's and Upper St. 17 John's, the funding for his work at Upper St. John's, 250; Alexander W. Marshall, D.D., St. John's Chapel, Charleston. 18 Stiles Mellichamp, M-E-L-L-I-C-H-A-M-P, officially was the 19 20 rector of St. James, James Island, but the funding was for 21 his missionary work at Redeemer, Orangeburg, \$250; Barnwell 22 B. Sams, Holy Apostles, Barnwell, \$250; Julius J. Sams, St. 23 Mark's, Chesterville, Good Shepherd, Yorkville, \$250; William 24 P. DuBose, missionary at Winnsboro, \$250; Thomas F. Gadsden, missionary in Christ Church Parish, \$250; Clement F. Jones, 25

1	Calvary, Glenn Springs, \$200; P. F. Stevens, Black Oak,
2	Middle St. John's Parish, \$200; John H. Cornish, St. Thaddeus
3	Aiken, \$250. Later in the year more clergy stipends were
4	provided, James A. Stoney, Bluffton, \$200; Lucien,
5	L-U-C-I-E-N, C. Lance, All Saints, Waccamaw, \$200.
6	Q. Now, next I want you to look at let's go into the
7	journal, the plaintiff diocese journal, for 1968, and I'm
8	going to present for you, before you, Pages 95 and 96, and
9	since you like to read, I'm going to ask you to read it to
10	the Court, those two entries.
11	MS. KOSTEL: What year was that, Henrietta?
12	MS. GOLDING: 1868, Page 95.
13	THE WITNESS: 1868 or 1968.
14	MS. GOLDING: 1868.
15	MS. KOSTEL: I assume you said 19.
16	MS. GOLDING: 1868. Page 95 and 96. Do you have that
17	in front of you?
18	THE WITNESS: Mm-hmm.
19	Q. Can you read that into the record
20	A. Yes.
21	Q starting with Page 95.
22	A. Okay. I can't read it.
23	Q. Would you rather have the written version I mean the
24	hard copy version?
25	A. The evidence submitted to your committee is too partial

to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion, nor have the funds of 1 2 the several parishes and individuals alone suffered in the 3 general ruin in which as a church we are involved. The treasurer of the society for the advancement of Christianity 4 5 reports that whereas before the war its permanent funds amounted to \$89,108, its income 7,443, it is at present 6 7 reduced to \$33,485. Its income is \$2,096. The treasurer of 8 the bishops fund reports before the war, \$70,186; income, 9 \$4,200, now, \$59,995; income, \$1,605.

10 Q. You can continue to read, please.

11 The treasurer of the theological seminary reports its Α. 12 entire funds is lost, its supporters too impoverished to 13 continue their subscriptions. The testimony is pitiably 14 uniform, showing heavy, in many instances total loss of church funds and of private means among the members of our 15 16 household of faith. Like causes have wrought like effects in 17 greater or less degree in every section of the diocese with 18 scarcely an exception. The financial resources of our parish 19 are more straightened than at the close of the war, which 20 itself left them on the verge of bankruptcy. Two years of 21 unsuccessful planting have brought them only more deeply into 22 debt.

The answers handed in exhibit the following facts in regard to the funds of the parish: In six the receipts have depreciated in value from 50 to 75 percent. In all others 1 reported, the loss has been total. In this connection one of the most depressing features to us is that these losses have 2 3 fallen most heavily upon the class, parentheses, that of planters, closed parentheses, and in the section of the 4 5 state, parentheses, the low country, closed parentheses, 6 where our church was strongest, where the parishes were not 7 only self-sustaining but contributed of their abundance by far the major part of our available funds for diocesan 8 9 purposes.

10 The churches in the up country, with one or two 11 exceptions, were never and are not now, as appears from the 12 answers before us, in a condition to dispense with pecuniary 13 aid. As the natural, if not wholly unavoidable result of 14 such financial prostration, your committee have piteous exhibit to make of salaries. Ministers -- shall I --15 16 It's not necessary to read any further unless your Q. 17 attorneys want you to. I wanted you to read the sections you 18 just read.

19 A. Okay.

20 Q. Thank you.

Next I would like for you -- I would like to pull up -let's go to 1925, the journal for 1925. That's the diocese plaintiff's exhibit. The last page that I want is 10693. MS. KOSTEL: I'm sorry. Could you clarify what journal that is? MS. GOLDING: That is the 1925 journal, and it's Page 102 in that journal.

3 Q. Can you see Page 102 in that journal?

4 A. Yes, ma'am. I'm sorry. I've got trifocals, ma'am.

5 Q. Please take your time. At the bottom it has total

6 amount expended by the diocese and it has \$146,453.04.

7 A. Yes, ma'am.

8 Q. Did I read that correctly?

9 A. You read that correctly.

10 Q. How much of that amount was contributed by the national 11 church?

12 A. I do not know off the top of my head.

Q. Let's now go to 1945. The 1945, this would be Page 129, diocesan exhibit. The last is 11934. I'm sorry, the next page is 131. Page 131, the last column, it's 130 and 131, and the last column has total receipts and it has a grand total at the bottom. Can you see that?

18 MS. KOSTEL: I'm not sure this is an objection, but is 19 this in evidence?

20 MS. GOLDING: No, I didn't offer these in evidence. He 21 just said that he -- Your Honor, he reviewed all of these, 22 and so I was asking him a question from the document.

23 MS. KOSTEL: Okay. I thought you gave an exhibit 24 number. I'm sorry.

25 MS. GOLDING: No, I didn't.

1 MS. KOSTEL: Okay. 2 THE WITNESS: \$254,712.86. Out of that amount, how much did the defendant, national 3 Q. church, contribute? 4 I don't know, but that's an incomplete record of what 5 Α. the national church did in gifts, loans and grants and 6 7 mortgages. That's not included in that report. 8 Now let's go to 1965. And I'd ask if you could look at 0. 9 Page 130. At 130 it has a total summary of dollar amount. 10 Can you read that dollar amount in that? 11 A. \$826,623.42. 12 Q. And how much of that amount did the national church contribute? 13 14 I do not know. Α. 15 Now let's look at 1985, the 1985 journal, and 0. 16 specifically Page 152. MS. KOSTEL: Objection, Your Honor. Is this -- are you 17 18 trying to get evidence in about those numbers? Because 19 that's not -- that's not a proper way to get evidence in, having him read from a document that's not in evidence. 20 21 MS. GOLDING: Page 152. 22 THE COURT: These documents are from the journals, 23 right? 24 MS. GOLDING: Yes, every one of them is in a journal.

25 THE COURT: As I understand it, the purpose of this

information is for impeachment; is that correct? 1 2 MS. GOLDING: Absolutely. THE COURT: Very well, thank you. 3 Overruled. 4 MS. KOSTEL: But the fact -- excuse me. The fact of the 5 number is not a piece of evidence, correct? 6 7 THE COURT: Well, here's what it is: The question simply is here's a number. In this number, do you know which 8 9 portion of this number was contributed by whomever and the 10 answer is no. MS. KOSTEL: Yes. 11 12 THE COURT: It really goes to impeachment. I can't discern from that contributions. 13 14 152, Page 152 from the 1985 journal, do you see that in Q. front of you? 15 16 Yes, ma'am. Α. 17 Total receipts, it has a summary of several years. Ο. In 18 the year 1979 there were receipts of \$4,221,679? 19 Α. Yes, ma'am. 20 Q. How much of that came from the defendant the national 21 church? 22 Α. I do not know. 23 Q. In 1980 there were receipts of \$4,792,202. How much of 24 that came from the defendant the national church? 25 A. I do not know.

1 1981, total receipts of \$5,490,012. How much from the Ο. 2 national church? I do not know. 3 Α. 1982, \$5,776,687. How much from the defendant the 4 Q. national church? 5 6 Α. I do not know. 7 1983, \$6,564,081. How much from the national church? Q. 8 A. I do not know. 9 1984, 7 million --Q. 10 I do not know. Α. 11 1984, \$7,365,805. How much of that came from the Q. 12 defendant the national church? A. I do not know. 13 14 Q. Okay. Let's now go to the year 1995. 15 MS. KOSTEL: Your Honor, I'm going to object if this is 16 just for impeachment. 17 THE COURT: Yes. 18 MS. KOSTEL: It seems like it's cumulative at this 19 point. 20 THE COURT: I understand. 21 MS. KOSTEL: Yes. 22 Q. I'd ask you to look at Page 89 in the 1995 journal. 23 A. Again, it's very small. 24 Q. Okay. Here, I'll be glad to give you this. 25 MS. KOSTEL: I'll renew my objection, Your Honor.

1		THE COURT: All right. Overruled.
2	Q.	Can you see it has the Diocese of South Carolina?
3	Α.	Yes.
4	Q.	The actual income for 1994?
5	A.	Yes, ma'am.
6	Q.	It has \$1,626,046 as actual income?
7	A.	Yes, ma'am.
8	Q.	How much of that came from the national church?
9	A.	I do not know.
10	Q.	Do you know how much of the contributions in the
11	cale	ndar year 2005 came from the national church
12	Α.	No, ma'am.
13	Q.	to the plaintiff?
14		Okay. Now, there were several exhibits. There was
15	Defe	ndant's Exhibit 415 which was an excerpt of the 2001
16	jour	nal. In fact, do you recall that you testified that the
17	All	Saints Parish at Pawleys Island there was a resolution
18	that	stated that this parish was in violation of the
19	cons	titution and canons of the diocese and the national
20	chur	ch; is that correct?
21	Α.	That is what I read from the journal, yes, ma'am.
22	Q.	But you did not read that that resolution to permit All
23	Sain	ts Parish a voice and vote had passed, did you?
24	Α.	Yes, I did.
25	Q.	Oh, I apologize. So was All Saints Parish in 2001 given

1 a voice and vote?

2 A. I'm sorry. I'm sorry. Was given a seat and voice, not3 vote.

4 Q. So it was given seat and voice but not vote?

5 A. That's what the journal said.

6 Q. Okay. And even though it was deemed that All Saints was 7 not, was not in union with the national church, nor the 8 plaintiff diocese; is that correct?

9 A. That is correct.

Q. Okay. Also in Defendant's Exhibit 331, which was a 1917 journal, there was a change of the fiscal year, but you did not, or if I did not hear you correctly, you did not read that it had gone to vote and that the vote had passed to change the fiscal year; is that correct?

15 A. I don't recall.

16 Q. Okay. And adopting the pension fund, there was a 17 resolution, but you did not read the vote. Do you recall 18 that?

19 A. I don't recall.

Q. Now, you'll agree that it's normal for nonprofit corporations to receive -- to attempt to seek and receive grants; is that correct?

23 A. Yes.

Q. Okay. And requesting a grant is a voluntary act; is that correct? 1 A. Correct.

2 Q. And the body that gives the grant, that's a voluntary 3 act; is that correct?

4 A. I think it would depend upon the situation.

5 Q. Okay. Well, do you have any knowledge that any of the 6 grants that may have been given by the national church in 7 this case were not voluntary?

8 A. All of the grants had certain criteria. You'd have to 9 come to a very specific grant, specific program, whether it's 10 this or any other nonprofit, and I have sat on a number of 11 nonprofit boards.

12 Q. I guess then you can't answer my question. You don't 13 know if any of the grants given by the defendant national 14 church were voluntary or not, do you?

15 A. If they met criteria, they did.

16 Q. You need to answer my question. I'm asking you, is 17 there a grant given by the defendant national church that was 18 not voluntary --

19 A. No.

20 Q. -- to the plaintiff diocese?

21 A. No.

Q. Okay. The word "accession," you referenced the word accession" because that's referenced in the constitution and canons of the plaintiff diocese; is that correct?

25 A. Yes, ma'am.

1 Q. And the word "accession" comes from the word accede; is 2 that correct?

3 A. I'm not a linguistic specialist, ma'am.

4 Q. Well, would you agree with me that the word "accede" 5 means to agree?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. And it would be fair to state that the definition of 8 that word has not changed for the last 200 years?

9 A. I could not -- again, I am not a linguistic specialist.
10 Q. Now, in your review of the constitutions and canons of
11 the plaintiff diocese, you saw that there were provisions for
12 at least the last 100 years that permitted its canons and
13 constitutions to be amended?

14 A. Correct.

Q. And that provision in the constitution of the plaintiff diocese didn't make any exception as to which article in the constitution could or not be amended, did it?

18 A. No.

Q. And that's the same thing, true for the canons, that provision in the canons that permitted amendment didn't say, well, you can't amend Canon 1 but you can amend the others. It didn't have a pick and choose, did it?

23 A. No, ma'am.

MS. GOLDING: I have no further questions. Thank you,Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Yes. Anyone else on behalf of
 plaintiffs? Yes, sir.

3 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. RUNYAN:

4 Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Edgar.

5 A. Good afternoon. Sir, could you please speak up. Again,6 I am very hard of hearing.

Q. I will do my best. I am routinely accused appropriatelyof not speaking loud enough, so I will yell.

9 All right. Better?

10 A. Yes. Thank you very much.

11 Q. Good. Thank you.

Just a couple things. What Ms. Golding was asking you about, in terms of contributions or grants, in your studies you did not learn the interrelationships of all these organizations in terms of their boards and their board memberships and the control of them; is that correct? A. No, sir, I did not.

18 Q. And you're not an expert in canon law?

19 A. No, sir.

20 Q. Okay. And I guess you recognize that as a rule the 21 money that the diocese has and for the most part the money 22 that the national church has comes from the person in the 23 pew?

24 A. That I do not know.

25 Q. Okay. And I guess you understand, do you, that giving,

1 whether it's the person in the pew or the parish to the diocese or the diocese to the national church, is a voluntary 2 3 thing, do you not? Tithing is biblical, yes, sir. 4 Α. Well, it's not voluntary if it's a biblical issue, but 5 Q. 6 there isn't any way to compel it? 7 No, there's no way to compel it. Α. 8 And you don't know whether the Southern Baptist Ο. 9 Convention grants or lends money at a low interest rate to 10 its Baptist churches, do you? 11 Α. I do not. 12 Or the United Methodist Church? Q. No, I do not. 13 Α. 14 Okay. I just want to ask you to look at a couple of Q. 15 these journals, and we're going to read just a few things on 16 the relationship if we could? 17 All right, sir. Α. 18 I ask you to bring up the 1849 diocese journals. If you Q. would turn to Page 22, tiny script, if you would please blow 19 20 up the top part of that first full paragraph. 21 If I knew who was saying this, whether it's his report Α. or a bishop's address -- I have no idea who, what's the 22 23 source of this. 24 Q. Well, you can look at the whole thing if you want. This

25 is bishop's address. Do you feel uncomfortable reading it?

A. No, I don't feel un -- I just need to know whether it was a committee report or the bishop. I can't say -- or the standing committee. It makes a difference, but if you say this is the bishop's report, I will take your word for it.
Q. If you would like to see the whole thing, I'll be happy to give it to you.

7 A. I would like to see it, yes, sir.

8 Q. While they're doing that, would you just please read 9 that into the record?

10 There are some principles at the foundation of our Α. 11 ecclesiastical polity to which for the important inferences 12 to be deduced from them I now ask your consideration. The Protestant Episcopal Church is a confederacy, not a 13 14 consolidation. Each diocese in some respects is independent 15 of the confederacy, in all respects of each other -- of each 16 of the sister -- okay. Wait a minute. Each diocese in some 17 respects is independent of the confederacy and in all reports 18 of each of the other sister dioceses. Any measure which is 19 beyond the limits of the delegated or constitutional powers 20 of the confederacy is of course not an enactment but a 21 recommendation. It is not authoritative but merely advisory. 22 This is too plain to be denied. It is theoretically admitted 23 by all, but I submit it's practically regarded by all. 24 Q. Thank you, sir.

25 MS. GOLDING: Your Honor, he made a misstatement in

1 that, in reading that. THE COURT: All right. 2 3 MS. GOLDING: He said each diocese in some respects, I believe he said in some reports but it should be in some 4 5 respects. 6 THE WITNESS: Excuse me. 7 THE COURT: All right. 8 MS. KOSTEL: Is he going to be allowed to see the whole 9 document? 10 MR. RUNYAN: You can show it to him on redirect. I 11 don't have a question. 12 Q. You want to verify that it's the bishop's address, 13 Doctor, I'll be happy to give it to you. You did read all 14 these, right? Yes, sir, I did. 15 Α. 16 Okay. Q. 17 Thank you, sir. Α. 18 Tell us, please, sir, who said those words. Q. 19 Yes, Bishop Gadsden's address. Α. 20 Q. Thank you, sir. I really don't want to spend a whole 21 lot of time reading, so I'm just going to ask you a few 22 questions, if you don't mind. 23 Do you remember reading anything to the effect that a 24 lot of the dioceses in the United States had not paid what

25 the Episcopal Church had asked them in some years?

1 A. I'm sorry. Please repeat that.

2	Q. Do you remember reading anything to the effect in one of
3	the bishops' addresses that a lot of dioceses in the country
4	had just not paid what the Episcopal Church had asked them to
5	pay?
6	A. I do not recall that, no, sir.
7	Q. All right. And do you remember reading anything to the
8	effect that the Diocese of South Carolina was going to
9	withhold money because the national convention was in serious
10	need of reform and streamlining?
11	A. Which year, sir?
12	Q. It would have been
13	A. The rhetoric sounds very familiar, but I don't know what
14	year.
15	Q. 1997.
16	A. Nineteen what?
17	Q. '97.
18	Sound unusual to you or not unusual?
19	A. No, sir, it does not sound unusual to me at all.
20	Q. Okay. Dr. Edgar, you made a couple of comments or read
21	some things about standing committee consents?
22	A. Yes, sir.
23	Q. Do you recall those? Do you know the difference between
24	a consent to an ordination and a consent to an election?
25	A. Yes.

Q. Okay. And a standing committee, when they provide their
 consents, what are they consenting to?

3 A. I'm sorry?

Q. When a standing committee consents to a bishop or bishop suffragan that is before them for their consents, what are they doing?

7 A. There are two different ways of consent. If it is not a 8 diocesan, the standing committee must give consent for bishop 9 coadjutors and suffragan bishops to the election, and then 10 after the election they must give consent to the -- to the --11 for that person becoming a bishop.

12 Q. What is a testimonial?

13 A. It is a signed document that they approve.

14 Q. And why are they asked to give a testimonial?

15 A. The national canon requires the standing committees and

16 bishops give their canonical consent to a person's election.

17 Q. You don't really know what a testimonial is, do you,

18 Doctor?

19 A. I've seen them, but other than that, no, sir.

Q. Okay. And you know before a bishop can be ordained to be a bishop with jurisdiction that he has to get the consents of the standing committees of the diocese and the bishops with jurisdiction?

24 A. That I do know, yes, sir.

25 Q. And that's consent to ordination; is that correct?

1 A. You're talking about elections or?

2 Q. I'm talking about what they give consent to. Is that 3 consent to ordination?

4 A. Yes.

5 MR. RUNYAN: Thank you.

6 Thank you, sir.

7 THE COURT: That's it. Very well. Anyone else? Very 8 well. Redirect?

9 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. KOSTEL:

Q. Just a couple of things, Professor Edgar. I just want to clarify. Ms. Golding asked you about what happened with All Saints, and I think I've forgotten the year when it would not -- was not willing to conform as required by the canon. To be clear, it was allowed to have seat and voice but not vote, correct?

16 A. Correct.

17 Q. And that ordinarily would have had vote, correct?

18 A. Correct.

19 Q. Okay. The second question is Mr. Runyan pointed out to 20 you I guess at some point in the late '90s the diocese --21 there was some rhetoric in the diocese about not providing 22 funds to the national church, right?

23 A. Correct.

24 Q. And your said that was familiar rhetoric?

25 A. Yes, ma'am.

Q. And familiar because you've been reading the journals
 into this century, correct?

3 A. Correct.

Q. And yet we saw an example in 2012 where the diocese was
still asking for aid from the national church, correct?
MS. GOLDING: Your Honor --

MR. RUNYAN: Your Honor, she's leading a bit.
MS. KOSTEL: Fair enough. I'll withdraw it. I'll
withdraw it.

Mr. Runyan asked you the question about the flow of 10 Ο. 11 funds from the diocese to the church in the current times 12 starting in I think he said the late 1990s. What evidence did you see in your review of the documents of aid about flow 13 14 of funds between the diocese and the national church? 15 Of course he mentioned 1997, nineteen ninety -- no. I'm Α. 16 sorry. There were loans, grants, mortgage to different 17 congregations in the diocese of -- to the Diocese of South 18 Carolina, churches in the Diocese of South Carolina, but I think that's what you're asking, Ms. Kostel. 19

20 Q. From entities of the national church, correct?

21 A. Okay. Again, sorry.

Q. I'm asking about moneys flowing from the national churchto the diocese during this period.

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. There were still moneys flowing from the national

church? 1 2 Α. Yes. MS. KOSTEL: Okay. That's all. Thank you. 3 THE COURT: All right. 4 MR. TISDALE: Nothing from us, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Very well. Recross. 6 7 RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. RUNYAN: One quick point on that, Doctor: As far as you can 8 Ο. 9 tell, when moneys flow down from the Episcopal Church, they go through the diocese, don't they? 10 11 In terms of a mortgage, yes. Α. 12 In terms of the way they go, they go to the diocese and Q. then they go wherever they go? 13 14 It depends upon, again, the particular fund. Α. You have seen checks cut to parishes directly? 15 Ο. 16 In terms of -- I have not actually seen a check cut. I Α. have seen checks cut to the diocese. 17 18 I guess that was my question, wasn't it? Q. 19 One final question: For all you know during this period 20 of time you looked at this, the finances flowing down, there 21 could have been as much as 900 percent going the other way, couldn't there? 22 23 Α. I'm sorry, sir. Again? 24 Q. There could have been as much as 900 percent of that 25 amount going the other way, couldn't there?

I'm sorry. I still cannot -- you're saying there could 1 Α. 2 have been 900 percent going the other way? That is exactly what I'm saying. 3 Q. Okay. 4 Α. You didn't look at that, did you? 5 Q. No, sir. 6 Α. 7 You didn't ask to look at it and no one asked you to Q. look at it? 8 9 No, sir. Α. 10 MR. RUNYAN: Thank you. 11 THE COURT: All right. Anything further? Cross? 12 Recross rather? Okay. Thank you, sir. You may come down. All right. 13 14 It's 5:00. So I do believe that there is the remaining issue of the documents with regards to the parishes. 15 16 MS. KOSTEL: Yes. 17 THE COURT: Is there anything that we need to talk about 18 to be sure that that is facilitated so that it can occur? 19 MS. KOSTEL: I think I have spoken with at this point 19 20 or 20 parishes and we've managed to get to the point we don't 21 need a witness for the documents. We're going to have some 22 relevancy issues. I'm ready whenever the other folks are 23 ready to approach me, and time is of the essence because if we do need a witness, obviously I need to know very quickly. 24 25 THE COURT: With regards to authenticity?

1 MS. KOSTEL: Yes.

2 THE COURT: Got it. Okay. Great.

So, you know, if there are -- if there are issues with 3 regards to authenticity vis-à-vis any of the documents for 4 5 the parishes -- let me say that again because I don't want to mislead anybody. I'm talking about authenticity, not 6 7 relevance, not -- I'm trying to think of anything else, any 8 other issue but authenticity which could be interposed as an 9 objection, authenticity can be fixed, and so the request of 10 the defendants is that if there is an objection regarding 11 authenticity, please let them know because that's one that 12 they can fix.

13 If at this point there is a parish who has their 14 documents, who has their documents, and you have concerns 15 regarding authenticity, speak now or forever hold your peace.

MR. CAMPBELL: Your Honor, I do have one or two. I'm happy to work with Ms. Kostel as soon as we finish and I think if we can probably resolve it after we speak.

19 THE COURT: Great.

20 MS. DURANT: Your Honor, Bess Durant for Holy Comforter. 21 Same issue; I think it will be very easily resolvable with 22 Ms. Kostel.

23 THE COURT: You'll speak with her this evening, just so
24 if she needs to get somebody down here, she can do that.
25 MS. DURANT: Yes, Your Honor, be happy to.

1 THE COURT: Yes, sir?

2	MR. ORR: Your Honor, Larry Orr. I spoke with
3	Ms. Kostel about Frank Mack and St. Matthew Ft. Motte. He's
4	been unavailable, but he'll be here tomorrow, and I think
5	he's going to talk with her in the morning about his
6	documents. Whether he's got any objections, I don't know,
7	but I think they'll be able to work that it out.
8	MS. KOSTEL: To be clear, we have three more lists we'll
9	get out tonight, and then we will have to confer.
10	THE COURT: Three more lists. Three parishes?
11	MS. KOSTEL: Yes, just that I haven't finished.
12	THE COURT: Do those parishes know?
13	MS. KOSTEL: Yes. Do they know that they're getting
14	THE COURT: That it is coming.
15	MS. KOSTEL: Oh, yes; St. Bartholomew's, Holy Trinity
16	and St. David's.
17	THE COURT: Wonderful, wonderful, wonderful. And what I
18	would be so grateful is if you could those three parishes,
19	if they could just please let Ms. Kostel know in the morning
20	if there is an objection, regarding authenticity now, not any
21	other grounds, but authenticity, please let her know in the
22	morning again. Again, that gives her an opportunity to fix
23	that one.

All right. Anything else for the good of the order, so 24 to speak, from the plaintiffs? 25

1 MS. GOLDING: Nothing.

2 MR. RUNYAN: No, Your Honor.

3 THE COURT: From the defendants?

4 MR. TISDALE: No, Your Honor.

5 All right. Let me mention this to you: We do not as of 6 this point -- and that may change in a couple years, but as 7 of this point in South Carolina we do not have the ability to accept as part of the record electronic filings and 8 9 electronic exhibits. We're working on it, but we do not have it as of yet. So with regards to exhibits, if there are 10 11 exhibits that either party or any party wishes to make part of the record, unfortunately, I'm going to have to request 12 13 that there be hard copies simply because we do not at this 14 point have the ability to accept electronic filings. We will 15 in a couple of years, but we don't as of this point.

16 So I just share that with you. We've been dealing with 17 the electronic forms, but if you need them to be part of the 18 record, we're going to have to have hard copies. Thank you. 19 MR. PHILLIPS: One other thing: We'd like to know about

20 the witnesses for tomorrow.

21 MS. KOSTEL: We'll let you know soon. We have to figure 22 it out.

23 THE COURT: Very soon. All right. Thanks.

24 (Trial of the case adjourned for the day.)

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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

2 STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

3 COUNTY OF DORCHESTER

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5 I, the undersigned Ruth L. Mott, Official Court Reporter 6 for the State of South Carolina, do hereby certify that the 7 foregoing is a true, accurate and complete transcript of 8 record of all the proceedings had and evidence introduced in 9 the matter of the above-captioned case, relative to appeal, 10 in the First Judicial Circuit Court for Dorchester County, 11 South Carolina, on the 21st of July, 2014.

I further certify that I am neither related to nor counsel for any party to the cause pending or interested in the events thereof.

September 9, 2014

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/S/ Ruth L. Mott

18 Official Court Reporter

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